



The Microfungi Collections Consortium:

A Networked Approach to Digitizing Small Fungi with Large Impacts on the Function and Health of Ecosystems

Andrew N. Miller

University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign Illinois Natural History Survey











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Progress

MYCOLOGY COLLECTIONS PORTAL

Select Collections to be Analyzed

Collections

Statistics

618,816 MiCC records digitized

- 662,959 images

Selected Collection Statistics 432,808 existing records

- 384,785 Stage 2 (fully transcribed) (37%)

- 118,868 Stage 3 (complete) (11%)

- Display List of Collections Analyzed
- 2,744,919 specimen records
- 673,493 (25%) georeferenced
- 1,048,413 (38%) imaged
- 2,158,822 (79%) identified to species
- 1,619 families
- 7,002 genera
- 92,791 species
- 97,741 total taxa (including subsp. and var.)

Show Statistics per Collection 🚵

Extra Statistics

Show Family Distribution 🚵

Show Geographic Distribution 🔠

Load Stats for Past Year

Load Order Distribution

*including 109,232 type specimens

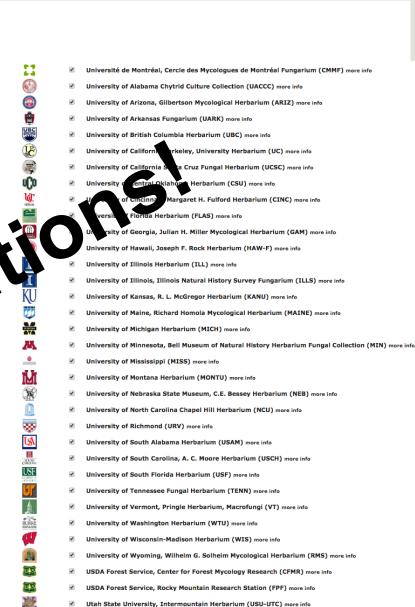




Data management

		ata management
Oresel	•	Academy of Natural Sciences of Drexel University (PH) more info
3	•	Acadia University, E. C. Smith Herbarium (ACAD) more info
A	•	Bishop Museum, Herbarium Pacificum (BISH) more info
-	•	Brown University Herbarium (BRU) more info
	•	California State University Chico, Chico State Herbarium (CHSC) more info
	•	Clemson University Herbarium (CLEMS) more info
(3)	•	College of the Atlantic, Acadia National Park Herbarium (HCOA) more info
	•	Cornell University, Plant Pathology Herbarium (CUP) more info
I & E	•	Davis & Elkins College Herbarium (DEWV) more info
Œ.	•	Denver Botanic Garden, Sam Mitchel Herbarium of Fungi (DBG) more info
Duke	•	Duke University, Herbarium Fungal Collection (DUKE) more info
ESTUS	•	Eastern Illinois University (EIU) more info
-Field	•	Field Museum of Natural History (F) more info
FORAT	•	Foray Newfoundland and Labrador Fungarium (FNL) more info
and the same	•	Fort Lewis College Herbarium (FLD) more info
(88)	•	Harvard University, Farlow Herbarium (FH) more info
Ф Сеп М	•	Indiana University (IND) more info
(P)	•	Iowa State University, Ada Hayden Herbarium (ISC) more info
LSU	€	Louisiana State University, Bernard Lowy Mycological Herbarium (LEUM) e info
M	•	Miami University, Willard Sherman Turrell Herba U) more info
	•	Michigan State University Herbarium (Manus modernio
	•	New Brunswick Museum (NBM) marinfo
NY BG	•	New York Botanical Garden (NY) more inf
\mathbf{M}^{NYS}	•	New York State Museum (NYS) more info
NCS LG	•	North Carolina State University, Larry F. Grand Mycological Herbarium (NCSLG) more info
Ongon State	•	Oregon State University Herbarium (OSC) more info
PUR	•	Purdue University, Arthur Fungarium (PUR) more info
PUL	•	Purdue University, Kriebel Herbarium (PUL) more info
	•	René-Pomerleau Herbarium (QFB) more info
NYS LG CHARLES PUL: FALLE FUL: FALLE FALLE	•	Royal Ontario Museum Fungarium (TRTC) more info
\mathbf{R}	€	Rutgers University, Chrysler Herbarium (CHRB) more info
	€	San Francisco State University, Harry D. Thiers Herbarium (SFSU) more info
C	•	State University of New York College at Cortland (CORT) more info
ESF	•	State University of New York, SUNY College of Environmental Science and Forestry Herbarium (SYRF) more info
USDA	•	United States National Fungus Collections (BPI) more info

Universidad de Buenos Aires (BAFC) more info



Virginia Tech University, Massey Herbarium (VPI) more info

Washington State University, Charles Gardner Shaw Mycological Herbarium (WSP) more info





Data management

- 30 MiCC-only institutions / 21 MaCC-only institutions (21 MiCC/MaCC)
 - 38 MiCC institutions originally proposed; 13 MiCC institutions added
- 30 MiCC and MiCC/MaCC institutions are being digitized
- 21 MiCC and MiCC/MaCC institutions provide existing data
- 25 MiCC and MiCC/MaCC institutions are Live [primary db]
 - (Symbiota-generated GUIDs)
- 26 MiCC and MiCC/MaCC institutions are Snapshot [secondary db]
 - (need help generating GUIDs)
- Clean data vs. dirty data?
- Complete data vs. incomplete data?



Browse our specimen portal

Learn how your collection can

Collections Staff

benefit from our work

Teachers & Students

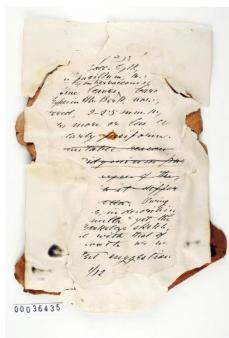
Learning resources &

opportunities to engage



Research uses of data





mycologist Charles Leonard Smith in the late 19th century were thought to have been lost for over 100 years. Through records created on the MyCoPortal, Gregorio Delgado and Ondřej Koukol of EMLab P&K (Phoenix, AZ) and Charles University (Prague, Czech Republic). respectively, were able to locate physical specimens to examine for the presence of microfungi. Twenty-two taxa were identified by Delgado and Koukol, all of which were originally recorded by Smith in Nicaragua for the first time. The publication, "Microfungi from Nicaragua in a Historical Collection Kept at the Herbarium of the Charles University in Prague" details the circumstances of the discovery, and provides

further information on the

historical context of the collections and their collector. This publication provides an excellent example of the use of online digitized specimen data for discovering specimens (some assumed to be long lost), and increasing our knowledge of species diversity and distributions.

Contributed by Alex Kuhn, Rhianna Baldree, and Teresa Iturriaga (Microfungi TCN)

na in a historical collection of the Charles University rague

* & Ondřej KOUKOLb

North Phoenix, , Phoenix, AZ 85027, USA

cience, Charles University in Prague, Praha 2, Czech Republic

mith in Nicaragua during both expeditions NY but also to a lesser extent in six other LSUM, NCU, SYRF). They comprise





Management, oversight & sustainability

- help@mycoportal.org
- We own domain name (<u>www.mycoportal.org</u>)
- Personnel and infrastructure are in place at INHS (full-time Biological Informatician, virtual servers & mirrored backup units)
- Daily backups at INHS
- Fee-based structure for Symbiota or individual portals?
- Support from Mycological Society of America?



Rhianna Baldree Data Curator



Exsiccati and Nomenclature Expert



Teresa Iturriaga Data Curator



Tiffany Bone Digitization





Biological Informatician



Lauren Hoover Transcriber







Sylvia Genont Transcriber





Alexander Kuhn Project Consultant



Ovevemi Transcriber





What we have learned

- Digitization
 - -Handwritten labels really suck!
 - -Georeferencing provides a second screening of locality data and greatly improves data quality
 - -Train the workers, not the PIs
 - –Efficiency is contagious!
 - -GUIDs, UIDs, SMUIDs...
- Broader Impacts
 - -Teachers must be paid to attend workshops