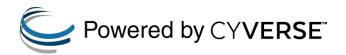
# A High-throughput Data Ingest Pipeline for Semantic Data Stores ...and a look at the Plant Phenology Ontology

J

John Deck, Brian Stucky, Ramona Walls, Rodney Ewing, Melissa Genazzio, Henry W Loescher, Robert Guralnick







# Input Datasets



#### **National Phenology Network**

9 million observations; Presence/Absence – network of multiple US datasets



#### **Pan European Phenology Database**

10 million observations; Presence only – network of multiple European datasets

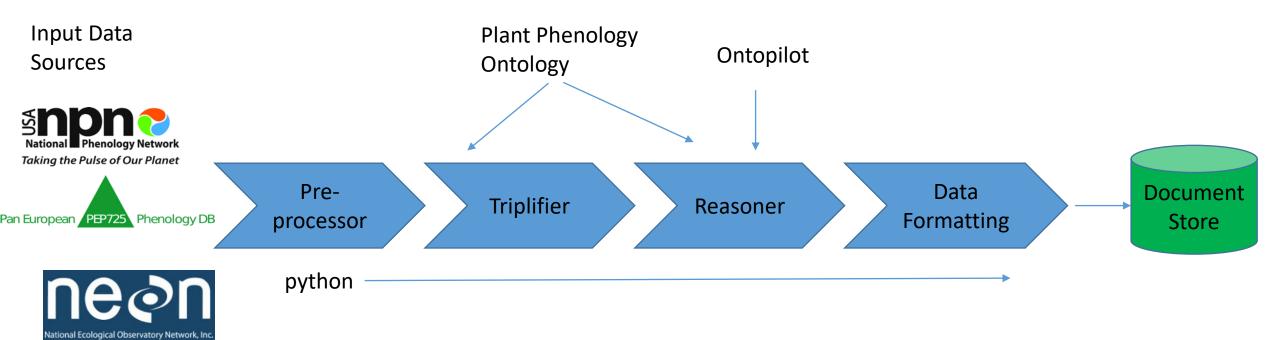


#### **National Ecological Observatory Network**

1.5 million records from just the last 3 years

Current total of 20+ million phenology observations

# Data Integration Pipeline



# Pipeline code available at:

https://github.com/biocodellc/ppo-data-pipeline/

- Sanitizes and standardizes input data sources
- Project specific pre-processors inherit (python) abstract class

Sample pre Processor output: Stored as CSV File:

				Phenophas eDescriptio Day of Lower Upper						
Obs ID	Lat	Long	Genus	Species	n	Year	count	count	Year	All Stages
					Increasing					
5943640	34.675	-120.041	Quercus	Lobata	Leaf Size	106	10	20	2013	

# **Triplifer Objectives**

- Using incoming datasets and an ontology, generate a graph structure for all individuals, containing: plant structure, whole plant, observation process, and measurement
- Map project terms to ontology terms with delimited text files
- Converts Tabular data to RDF triples



## **Triplifier Mapping:** Plant Structure Presence Mapping File (CSV)

Executable File | 103 lines (102 sloc) | 7.59 KB

Q Search this file...

1	USA National Phenology Network Field Name	PPO Labels
2	Flower heads (grasses/sedges)	{non-senesced flower head presence}
3	Flowers or flower buds	{non-senesced floral structure presence
4	Open flowers (lilac)	{opened flower presence}
5	Full flowering (lilac)	{opened flower presence}
6	Open flowers (grasses/sedges)	{opened flower presence}
7	Open flowers	{opened flower presence}
8	Open pollen cones (conifers)	{open pollen cone presence}
9	Pollen cones (conifers)	{pollen cone presence}

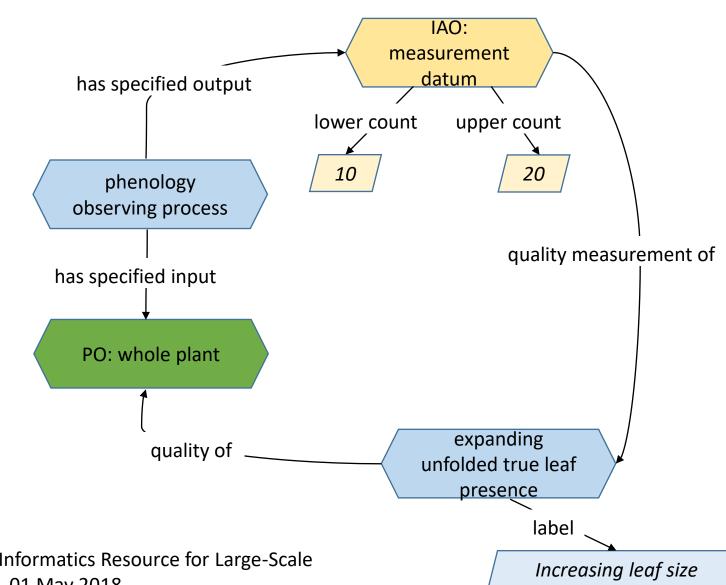


## **Triplifier Observation Model:**

**IAO: Information Artifact Ontology** 

**PO: Plant Ontology** 

**PPO: Plant Phenology Ontology** 

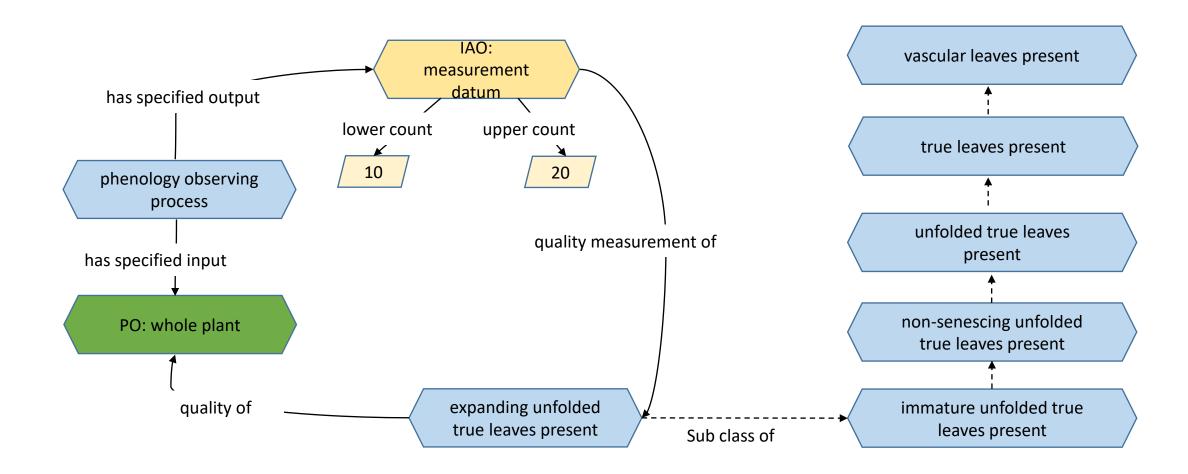


#### Figure from:

Stucky, et al. The Plant Phenology Ontology: A New Informatics Resource for Large-Scale Integration of Plant Phenology Data Front. Plant Sci., 01 May 2018



**Reasoner:** uses ontopilot software (<a href="https://github.com/stuckyb/ontopilot">https://github.com/stuckyb/ontopilot</a>) uses a modified ELK reasoner to enable fast reasoning over instance data along with the specified ontology.



## Starting Point (from pre-processor)

						Day				
					Phenophase	of	Lower	Upper		
Obs ID	Lat	Long	Genus	<b>Species</b>	Description	Year	count	count	Year	All Stages
					Increase leaf					
5943640	34.673	-120.068	Quercus	Lobata	size	106	10	20	2013	

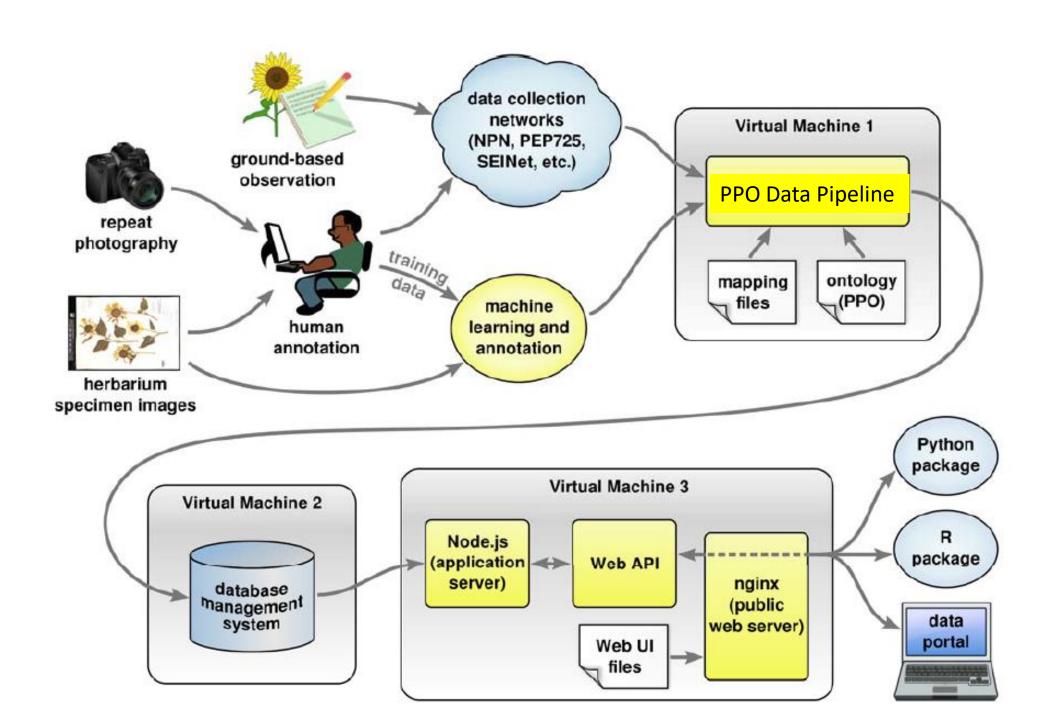
### Final Result:

	Day_											
	Phenophase of_ Lower Upper											
Obs ID	Lat	Long	Genus	Species	Description	Year	count	count	Year	All Stages		
										Expanding unfolded true leaves present;		
										Immature unfolded true leaves present;		
										Unfolded true leaves present;		
					Increasing					True leaves present;		
5943640	34.673	-120.068	Quercus	lobata	leaf size	106	10	20	2013	Vascular leaves present		

# Capacities

 20 million records through pipeline in 6 hours on 8 cpu / 16Gb RAM server

• Final format can be easily loaded into a relational db or document store. We have tested on 80 million record sample running on Elasticsearch set with query results in <2 seconds.



#### Table

#### **Global Plant Phenology Data Portal**

Traits 6	flowers present	<b>‡</b>
Genus 6	Quercus	\$
Species 6		
Source ①	Select Source(s) USA National Phenology Network Pan European Phenology Database National Ecological Observatory Network	
Year 🐧	1868	2018
Day of Year 1	1	365

QSearch

Download

Field Data on plant phenology is made accessible here based on inputs from USA-NPN, PEP725, and NEON partners. Incoming trait data is processed using the ppo-data-pipeline with annotations from the plant phenology ontology and phenological stage inferences processed using ontopilot's reasoner.

USA-NPN and NEON data is harvested every month. PEP725 provides yearly updates to their data store, typically in May. The date of last refresh is listed currently as part of the download package under "citation\_and\_use\_polices.txt", and available online at the ppo-data-server citation file. Currently, this portal contains over 20 million records, with 10 million PEP725 records, 9.5 million USA-NPN records, and 1.5 million NEON records.

Funding support is from the USGS NSF-SAVI Award Number 1321595, the National Ecological Observatory Network, and the USGS Powell Center. Development of this site is ongoing and currently this page is in a Beta release stage, made available here for viewing and comment. Comments can be made by email to jdeck88@gmail.com



# rppo

An R package for accessing the PPO Data Portal

John Deck, Brian Stucky, Ramona Walls, Kjell Bolmgren, Ellen Denny, Robert Guralnick' (2018). rppo: An interface to the Plant Phenology Ontology and associated data store. R package version 1.0 https://github.com/biocodellc/rppo



This package is part of the rOpenSci project

To learn more, please visit http://ropensci.org

http://github.com/ropensci/rppo

# **Next Steps**

- Process herbarium data (SEINET has marked up records with phenology terms... just need to be mapped)
- Machine learning and annotation of herbarium records
- Process Phenocam data (requires work with ontology to map greenups to ontology terms)

## **Pipeline Development:**

https://github.com/biocodellc/ppo-data-pipeline

# R package:

https://github.com/ropensci/rppo

**Portal:** 

https://www.plantphenology.org/

**Plant Phenology Ontology:** 

https://github.com/PlantPhenoOntology/ppo

**Thank You** 

John Deck

jdeck@berkeley.edu

Stucky, et al. The Plant Phenology Ontology: A New Informatics Resource for Large-Scale Integration of Plant Phenology Data Front. Plant Sci., 01 May 2018