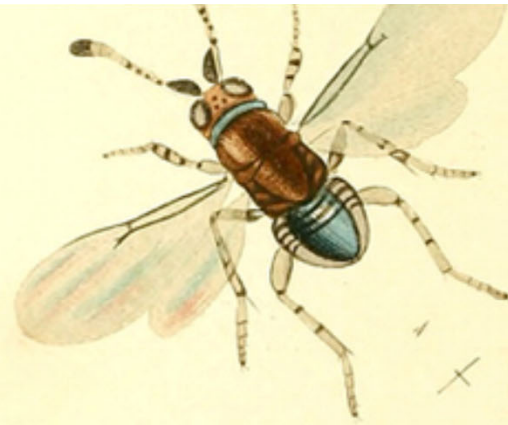


Plants, Herbivores, & Parasitoids: A Model System for the Study of Tri-Trophic Associations 2011-2015

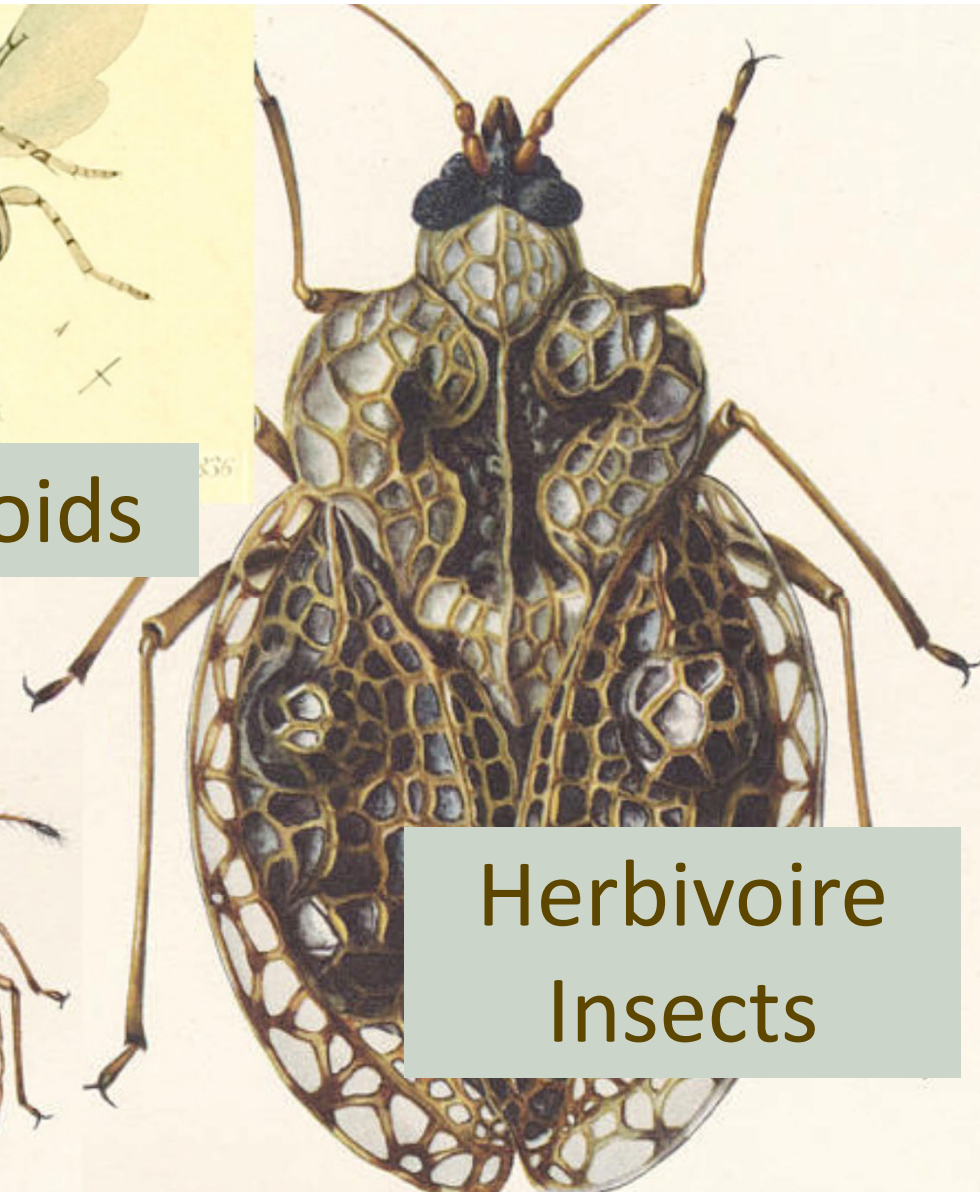
Lead Institution: **American Museum of Natural History**

Randall T. Schuh (PI) & **Christine Johnson (co-PI)**

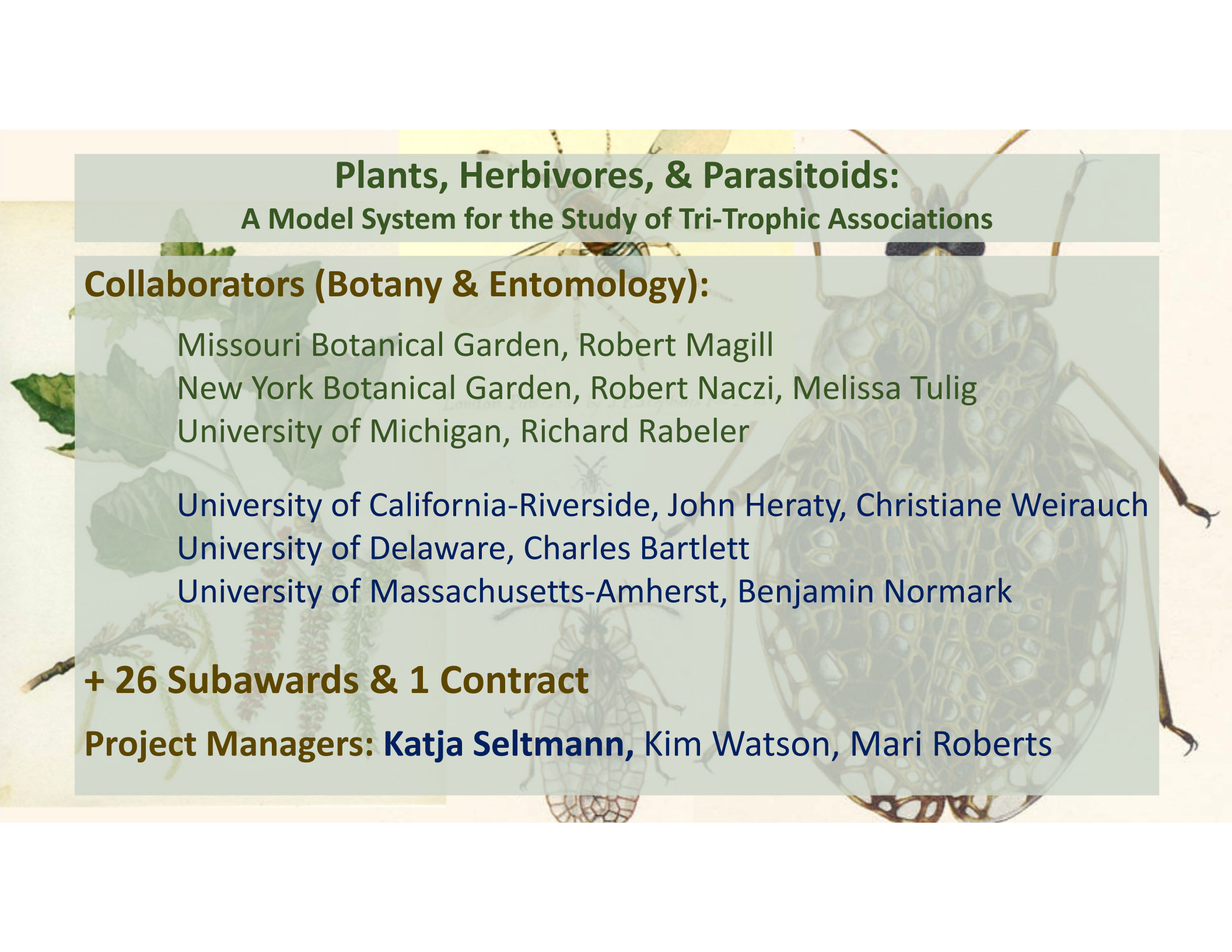
Plants



Parasitoids



Herbivore
Insects



Plants, Herbivores, & Parasitoids:
A Model System for the Study of Tri-Trophic Associations

Collaborators (Botany & Entomology):

Missouri Botanical Garden, Robert Magill

New York Botanical Garden, Robert Naczi, Melissa Tulig

University of Michigan, Richard Rabeler

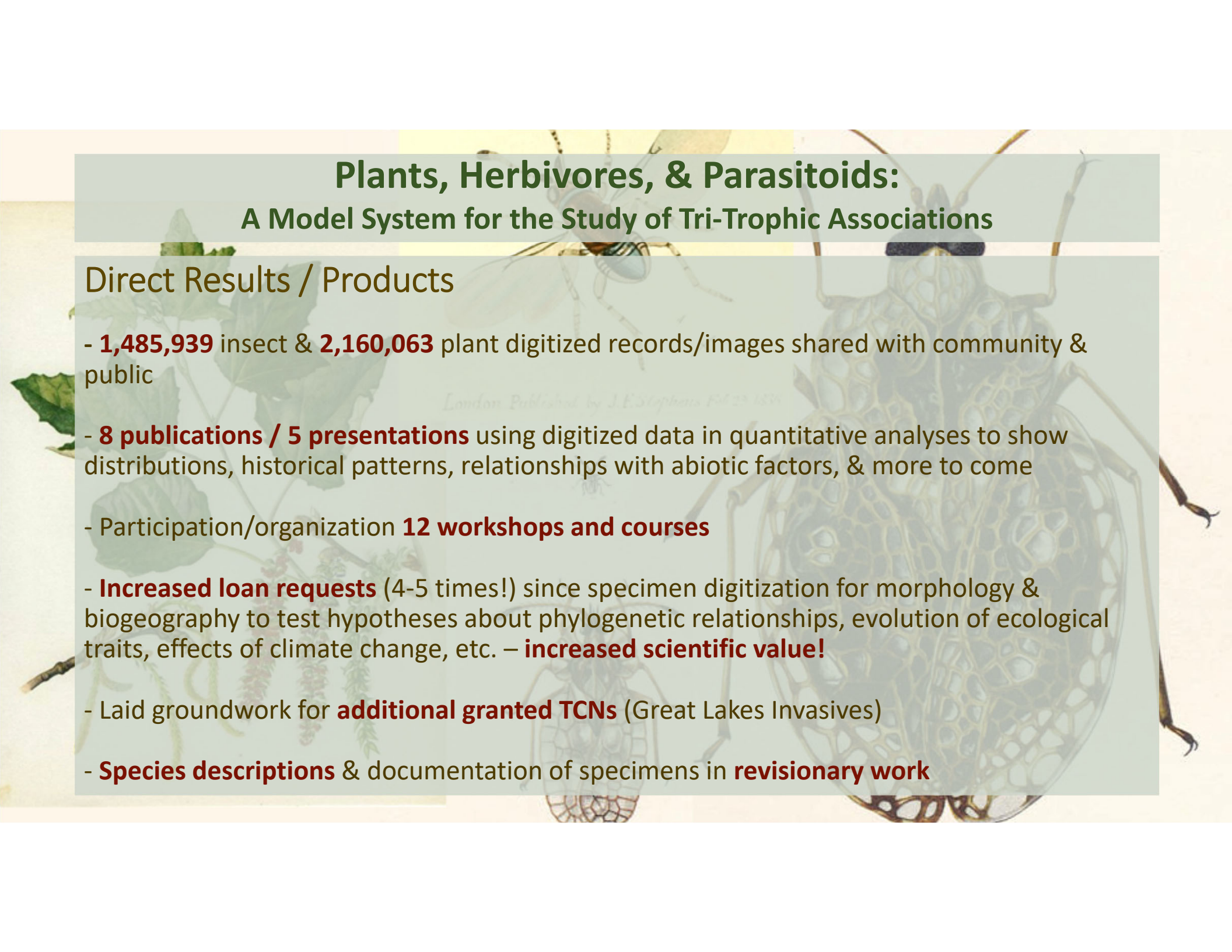
University of California-Riverside, John Heraty, Christiane Weirauch

University of Delaware, Charles Bartlett

University of Massachusetts-Amherst, Benjamin Normark

+ 26 Subawards & 1 Contract


Project Managers: Katja Seltmann, Kim Watson, Mari Roberts

The background features several scientific illustrations. On the left, there are green leaves and a small insect. In the center, a fly-like insect is shown. On the right, a large, detailed illustration of a beetle with a complex, lattice-like pattern on its elytra is prominent. The text is overlaid on a semi-transparent grey box.

Plants, Herbivores, & Parasitoids: A Model System for the Study of Tri-Trophic Associations

Direct Results / Products

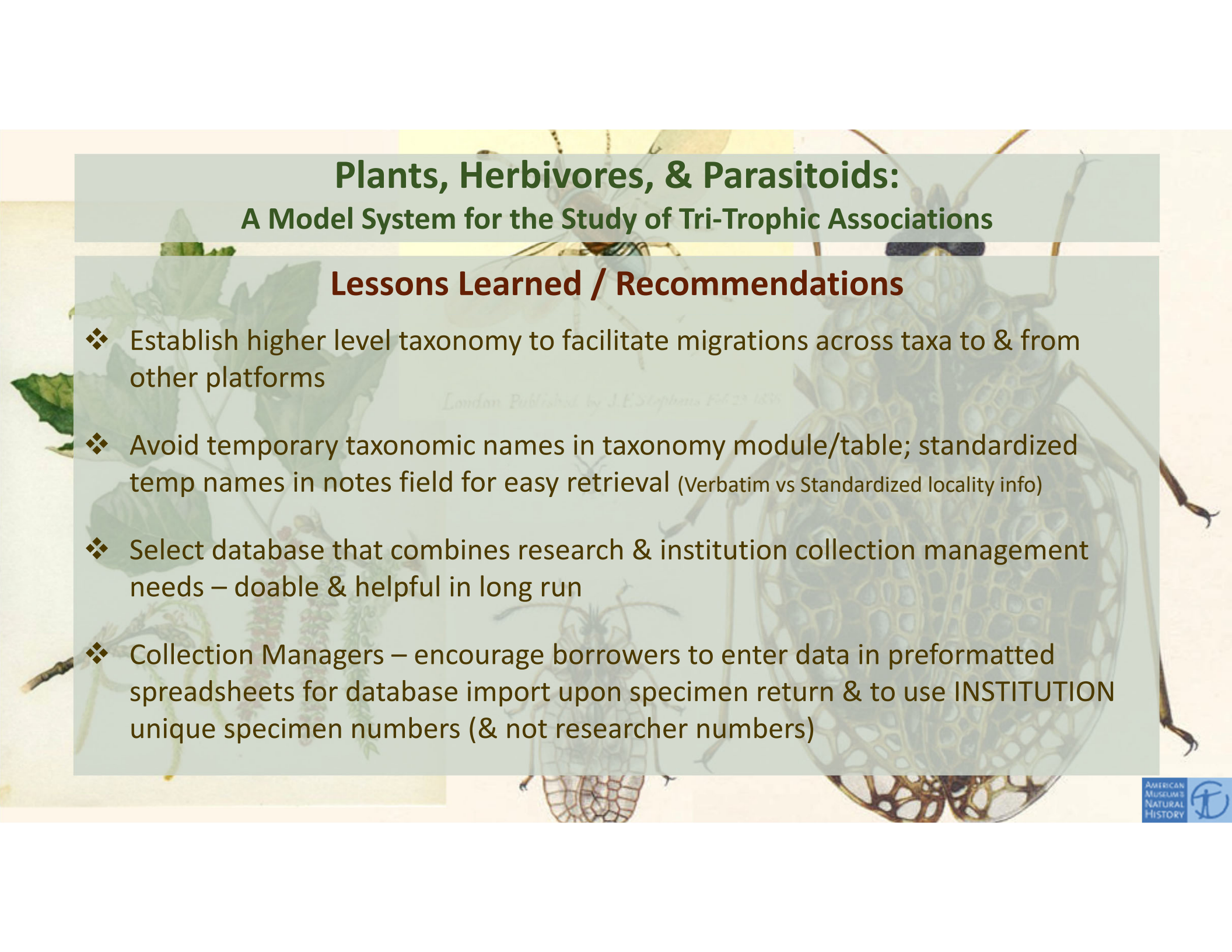
- **1,485,939** insect & **2,160,063** plant digitized records/images shared with community & public
- **8 publications / 5 presentations** using digitized data in quantitative analyses to show distributions, historical patterns, relationships with abiotic factors, & more to come
- Participation/organization **12 workshops and courses**
- **Increased loan requests** (4-5 times!) since specimen digitization for morphology & biogeography to test hypotheses about phylogenetic relationships, evolution of ecological traits, effects of climate change, etc. – **increased scientific value!**
- Laid groundwork for **additional granted TCNs** (Great Lakes Invasives)
- **Species descriptions** & documentation of specimens in **revisionary work**



Plants, Herbivores, & Parasitoids: A Model System for the Study of Tri-Trophic Associations

Lessons Learned / Recommendations

- ❖ Work continues after project/funding ends
- ❖ Balance quantity vs quality data capture & data/specimen curation
- ❖ Taxonomy cleaning & authority files prior to digitization
- ❖ Community-wide online annotation tool to distribute expert determinations to collection managers and curators
- ❖ Insect databasing is still incomplete as a whole (missing data)



Plants, Herbivores, & Parasitoids: A Model System for the Study of Tri-Trophic Associations

Lessons Learned / Recommendations

- ❖ Establish higher level taxonomy to facilitate migrations across taxa to & from other platforms
- ❖ Avoid temporary taxonomic names in taxonomy module/table; standardized temp names in notes field for easy retrieval (Verbatim vs Standardized locality info)
- ❖ Select database that combines research & institution collection management needs – doable & helpful in long run
- ❖ Collection Managers – encourage borrowers to enter data in preformatted spreadsheets for database import upon specimen return & to use INSTITUTION unique specimen numbers (& not researcher numbers)



In beech-blod hardwood community. Steep slope, hardwood, common of Conoha Creek and

m which we can
specimens

s in ecosystems

ized to represent

match & not
d among

Amalgamation of information via digitized data preserves a snapshot in time of what once was.