Uses for Digitized Data ADBC & Essential Data to be Digitized



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Collections for the 21st Century

A symposium sponsored by iDigBio and Natural Science Collections Alliance

May 5-6, 2014

.... the next step

- University of Florida, Gainesville
- Goals:
 - Emphasize the value of collections data in meeting grand challenges facing biodiversity and human society
 - Demonstrate that value to policy-makers, administrators, others who determine the levels of support for collections

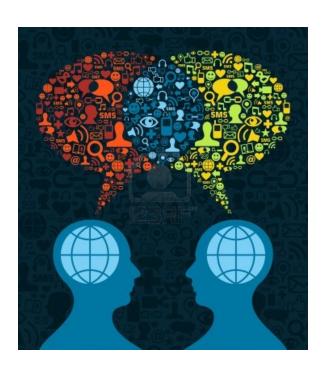
Topics will include uses of taxonomic, spatial and temporal data on biodiversity to address questions related to human health, climate change, food security, etc., as well as more fundamental investigations related to biological diversification.

Idibio.org -> upcoming events -> register



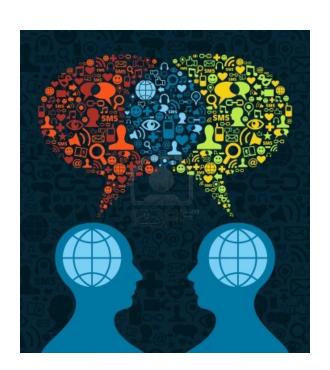
Essential Data to be Digitized - ?
Why are our natural history collections

data essential? (Uses for Digitized Data)



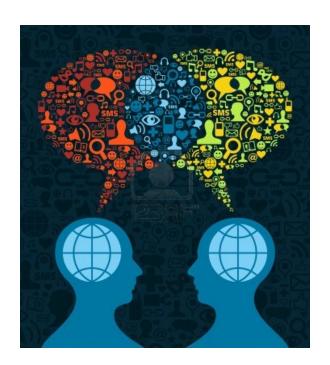


Why are our data essential? For research, education, outreach





Why are our data essential? For research, education, outreach Intellectual merit, broader impacts





Research -- Biodiversity Collections are used by:











phylogeneticsts and other evolutionary biologists to study history of life on Earth

ecologists to understand interrelationships among organisms and their environments



Big Science Questions & Collections to be addressed with Big Data



What are the characteristics of biological diversity on Earth?

- How many species are there?
- How are species distributed on the planet, and why are they distributed as they are?
- How do species vary, and what historical and ecological factors are responsible for the variation?
- How do sets of species covary across habitats and how do they respond to environmental perturbations?



Big Science Questions & Collections to be addressed with Big Data

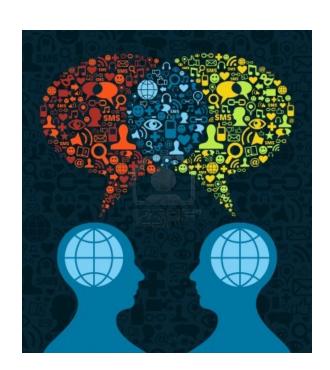
What is the history of life on Earth?



- How are species interrelated genetically?
- How has biological diversification taken place through space and time?
- What environmental factors lead to speciation, dispersal, and extinction?



Why are our data essential? For education, outreach For broader impacts





Broader Impacts -- It is clear that:



Humans are modifying the landscape in major ways, resulting in the irreversible loss of biodiversity and natural ecosystems.



It is clear that:



Global commerce is increasing, leading to more invasions of alien species that lead to further loss of biodiversity and modifications of natural communities.



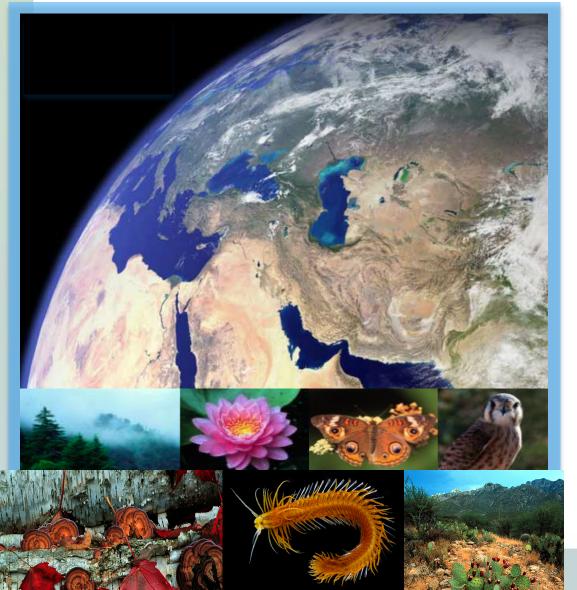
It is clear that:



Increasing CO₂ is causing changes in our climate that are leading to additional modifications of ecosystems and losses of biological diversity.



It is clear that:



Things are changing rapidly

Huge amount that we do not know about our planet

Our window is closing

30 years before major changes occur

- UN Report 2013



Why do we care? Why is biodiversity important?

Food security Freshwater availability **Human heath and safety Sustaining ecosystems** Land use planning Invasive species predictive models **Discovery and exploration** Climate change Management of agricultural pests Identification of disease vectors International trade Recreation **Conservation planning** Prevention of wildlife trafficking Bioprospecting for new medicines, foods, and fibers





Why do we care? Why is biodiversity important?

Biodiversity is everything: oxygen, food, security, availability of fresh water, recreation, etc.

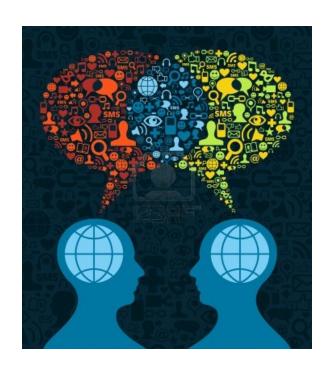






Why are our data essential?

Education and outreach – not just afterthoughts!





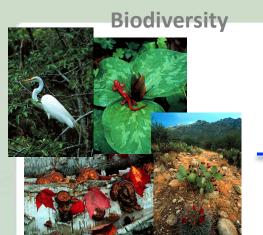
Data -

We need to demonstrate the link between collections data and ecosystem services.

The linkages need to demonstrated. Problem-solving is key.





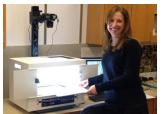


Collections: Specimens, Images, DNA



Digitization

Databases
Georeferencing
Imaging





Environmental Policy

Management, Use, Appreciation, Protection



New Discoveries

Understanding

Appreciation



Education

Outreach



