



Designing a Digitisation Framework

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Integrated Digitized Biocollections
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9 March 2018



iDigBio is funded by a grant from the National Science Foundation's Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections Program (Cooperative Agreement EF-1115210). Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation. All images used with permission or are free from copyright.



Five task clusters that enable efficient and effective digitization of biological collections

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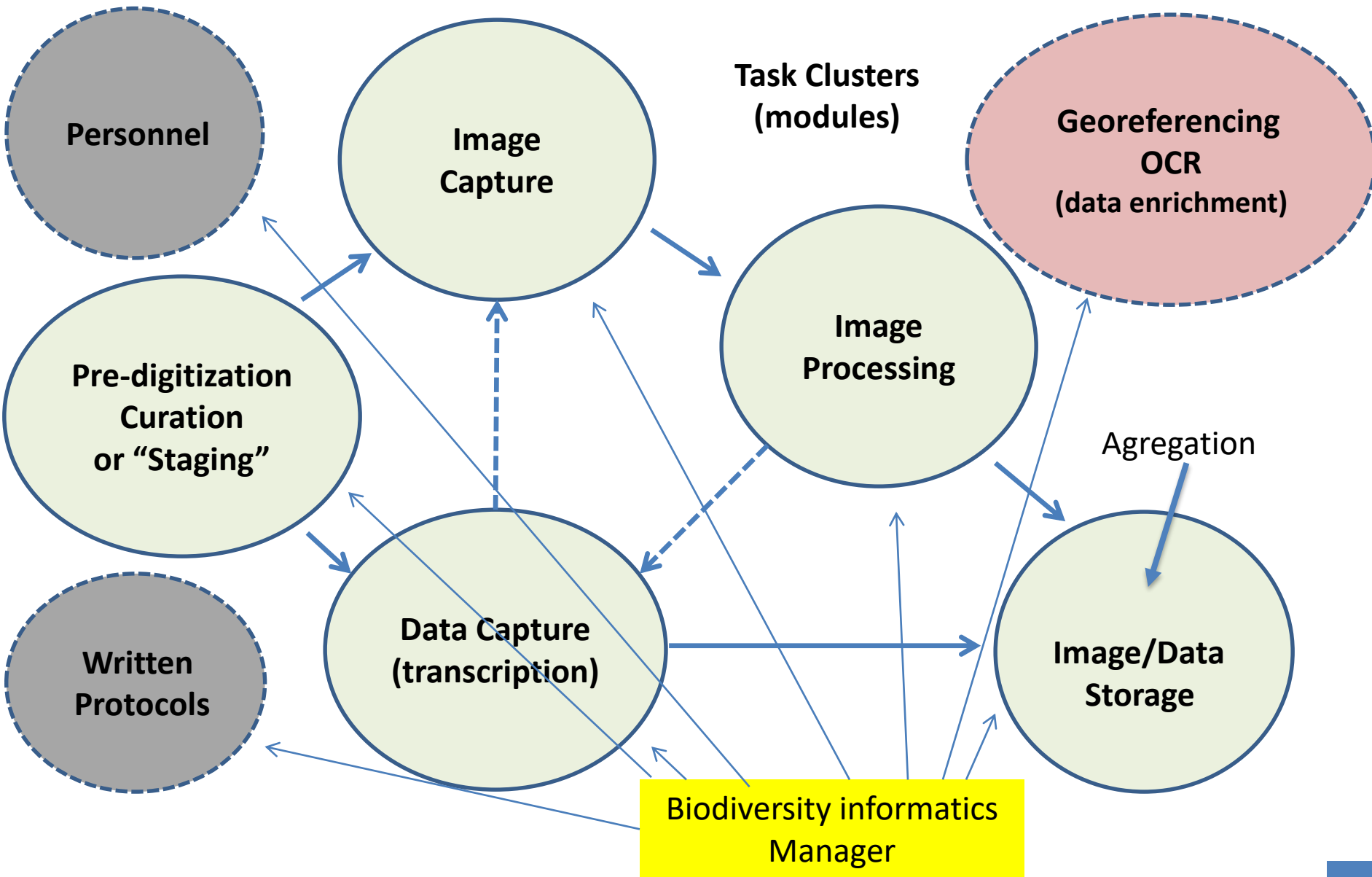
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**Task Clusters
(modules)**





The Biodiversity Informatics Function

Essential to successful digitisation programmes

Better with broad institutional support

Oriented toward service to staff

Better if based on strong knowledge of the biological sciences

Strong technology skill set

Often “home-grown”

Timely assistance and decision-making

Open to new and/or enhanced protocols and techniques

Continuously seek ways to increase technological efficiency and productivity

Map and mobilize data to aggregators



Tracks to Digitisation Implementation

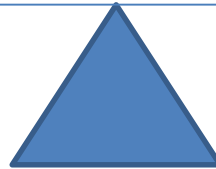
- **Taking the inside track [short view]** is often based on stretching the institution's resources. Decisions are made to maximize resources available for user-initiated digitisation by using solid baseline practices. The primary focus on the inside track is to get the job done quickly and to fill the user's request.
- **Taking the middle track** has the widest range of options, standards, and results. This is the most flexible of the tracks, where decisions often fall in gray areas.
- **Taking the outside track [long view]** focuses on the collections themselves. While users may initiate digitisation, it is undertaken to deliver materials to a greater public. These decisions may lead to comprehensive digitisation, such as an entire book, series, or collection. The goal is to create maximum access to special collections, using preservation and archival standards. This track usually involves a level of thought and planning that is more in-depth than the fulfillment of day-to-day digitisation requests.



Balancing the long view with the short view: The local decision

Long view

Short view



How does an institution develop doable, effective, and sustainable strategies for balancing long term goals with short term constraints, including commitments to future enhancements?

Pressures mitigating the long view

So much data, so little time.

Collections are not getting smaller (proactive vs. legacy).

Funders often have high output/low cost expectations.

We only have 3 years to get this done (sustainable models?).

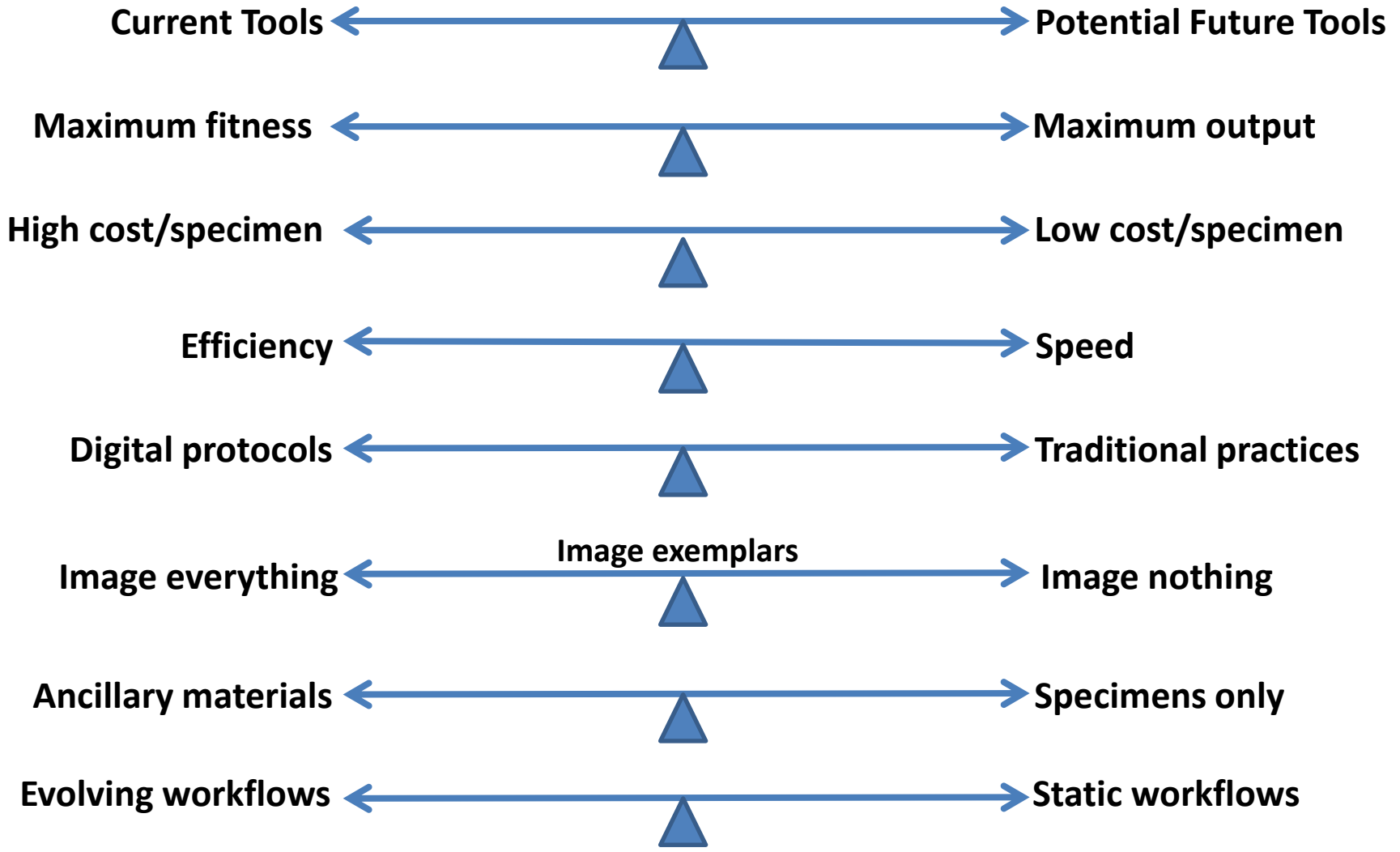
How to choose: all of our data and all of our specimens are important.

Let's just use the images!

We'll do the minimum now and enhance it later (inside track).



Decision Continua





Long view

Short View



Facilitators

- Emphasize fitness for use
- Robust data
- Data validation/cleaning
- Integrated quality control
- Integrated georeferencing
- Intensive curation
- Record historical annotations
- Staff specialization
- Small collection
- Emphasize images
- High quality images

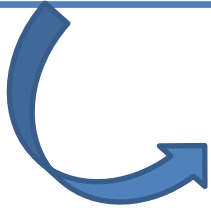
Facilitators

- Emphasize output
- Spartan data
- Defer validation/cleaning
- Minimum quality control
- Deferred georeferencing
- Deferred or cursory curation
- Record current determination
- Staff generalization
- Large collection
- Emphasize data
- Low quality images



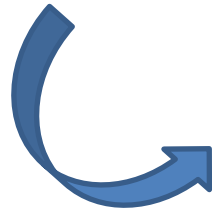
Global parameters
guiding digitisation

Emphasis in



Local decisions
and policies

Implementation in



Specific
workflows



Pre-digitisation Preparation/Staging Considerations

Prepare an institution/collection management and digitisation policy manual to include provisions for:

- **Inspecting for and repairing specimen damage and evaluating collection health,**
- **Re-pinning or remounting specimens, replenishing or replacing preservatives in containers, other conservation,**
- **Treating specimens for pests (IPM),**
- **Attach a locally unique identifier (often a 1- or 2-D barcode) to a specimen, container, or cabinet (unit of digitisation),**
- **Discover important but previously unknown, lost, or dislocated holdings (e.g. those owned by other institutions or the government agencies),**
- **Update nomenclature and taxonomic interpretations on specimens and in database,**
- **Reorganize the contents of cabinets, cases, trays, and containers, especially when these are the units of digitization,**
- **Vet type specimens,**
- **Select exemplars for digitisation, when that approach is appropriate,**
- **Include researchers and users in the mix.**

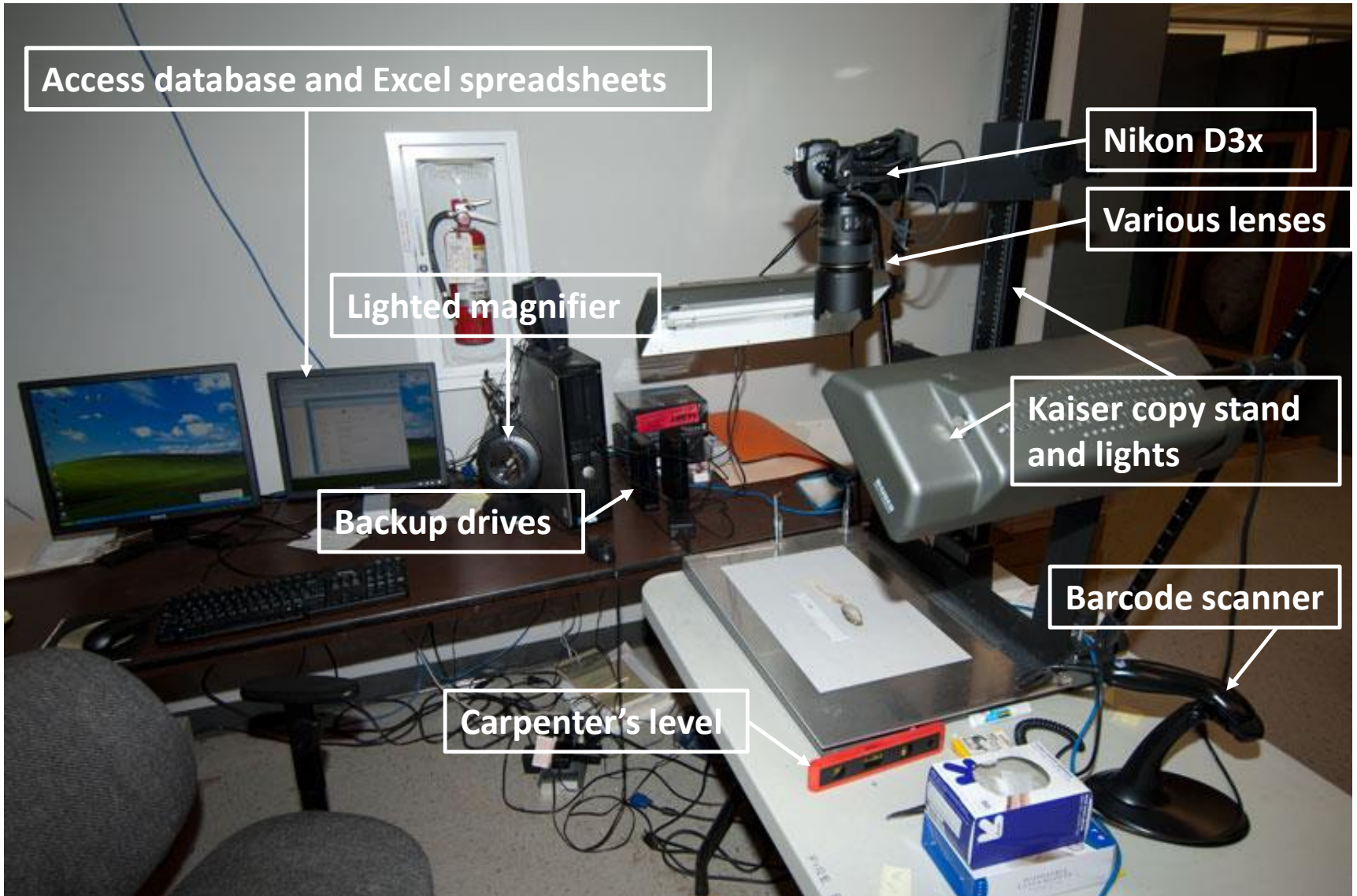


Imaging





Unequalled opportunity
for completeness and detail



Imaging station



Kaiser Copy Stand RSX with RTX Arm





Nikon D810
36.3 megapixel
Full frame
Live view





Canon EOS 5D Mark IV

Full frame

31.7 megapixel

Live view





Canon T6
17.9 megapixel
Crop Frame
Live view

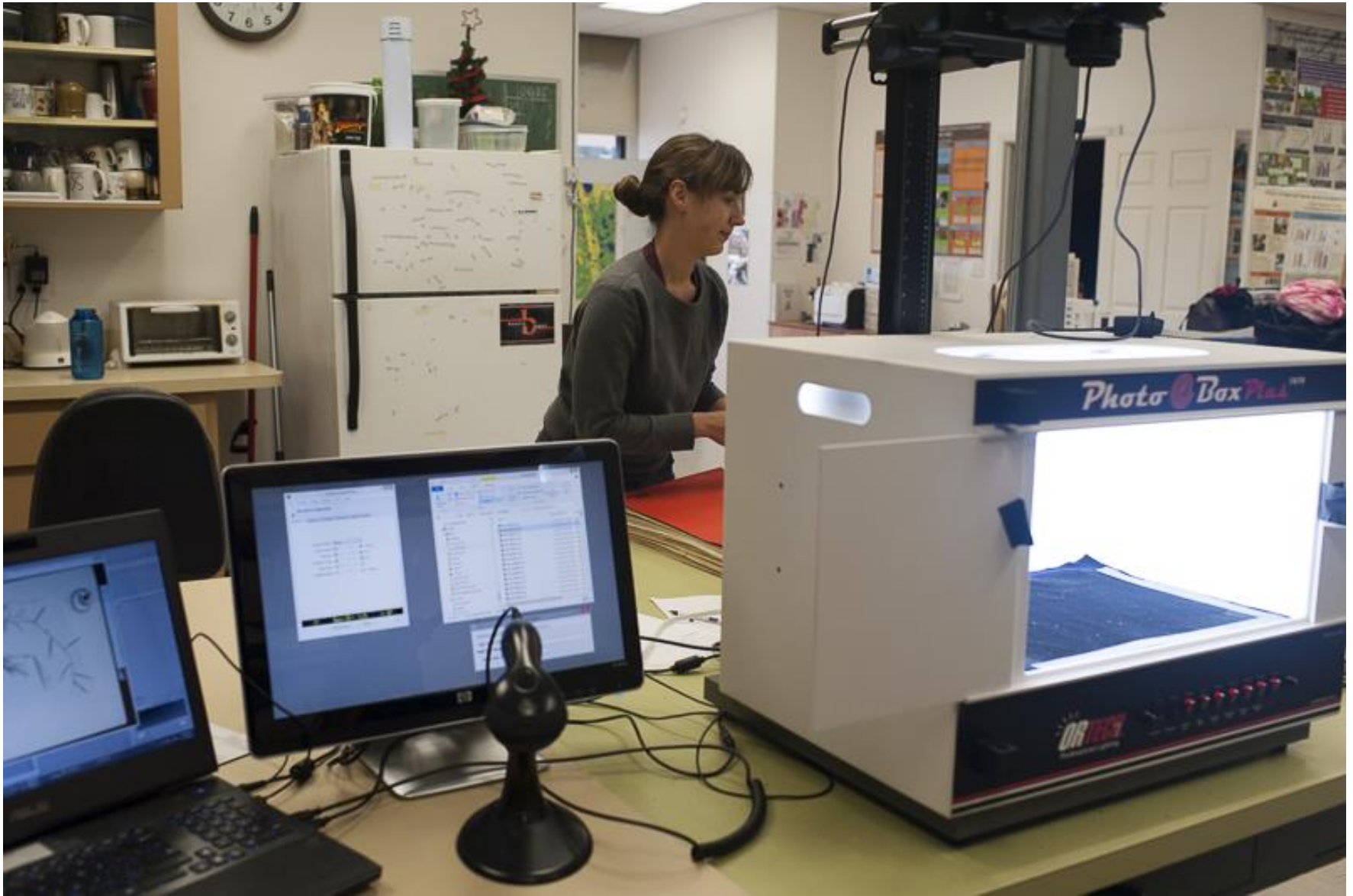




Photo eBox









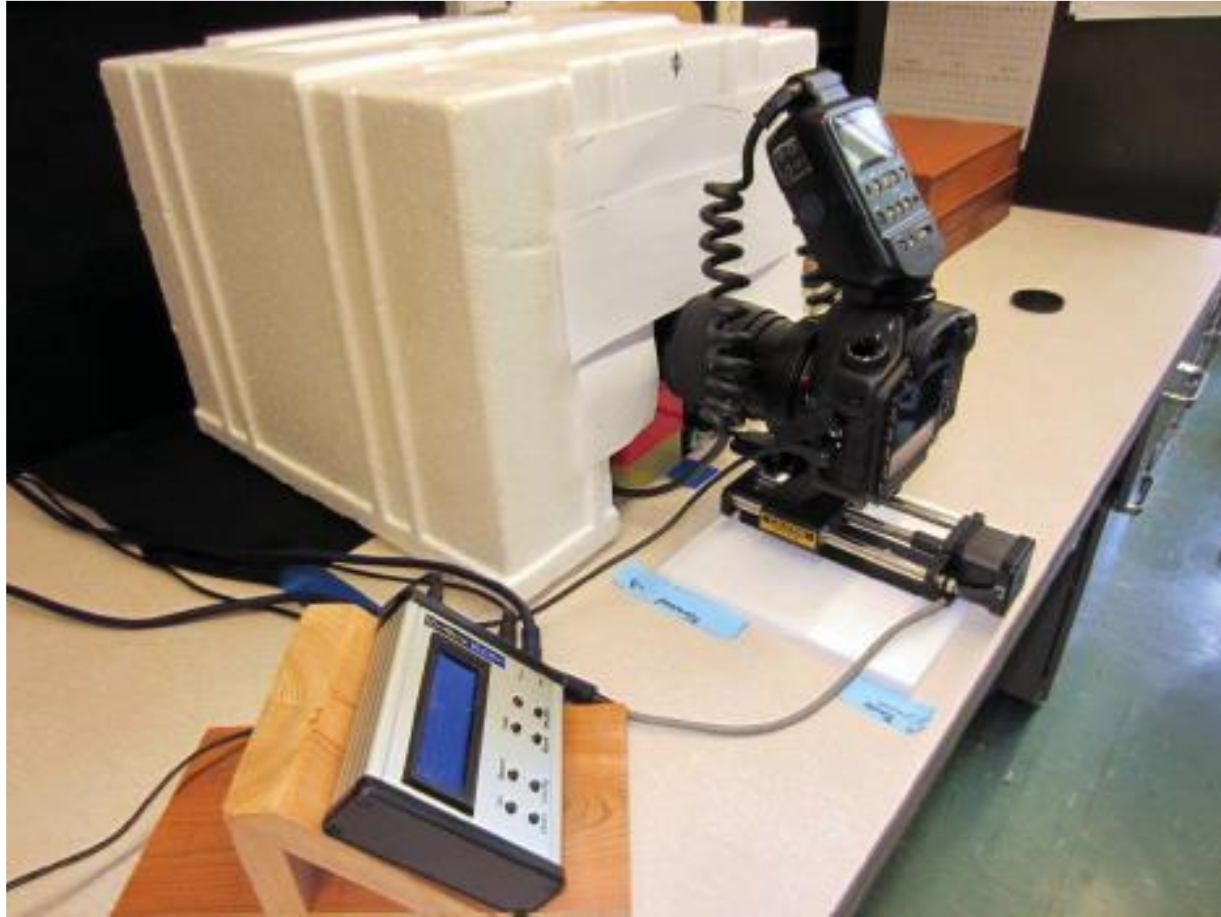
Ortery box







Natural History Museum



Sam Droege, USGS



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