



# Digitizing Specimens in the STAR Herbarium: A Viable Workflow for Collections Working with Limited Resources

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## What we Know

#### Small herbaria:

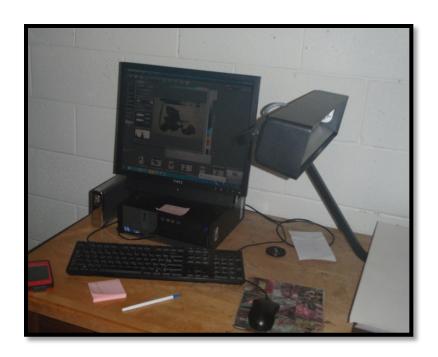
- House important data
- Are less likely to digitize collections
  - Funding
  - Time
  - Other Responsibilities



## **Previous Presentations**

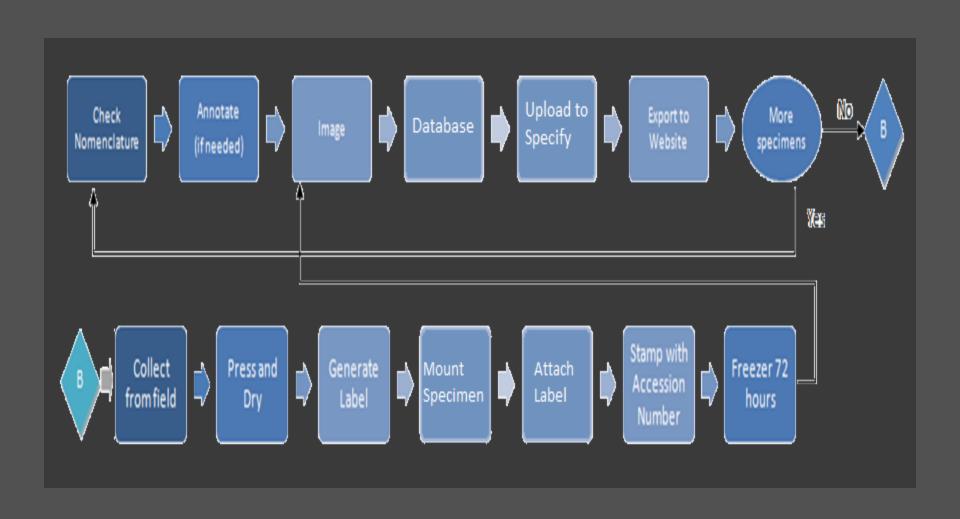
#### How to circumvent these obstacles

- Options for student workers
- How much time to fully digitize





## **STAR Herbarium Work Flow**



## **Previous Presentations**

#### Data

- Annotating: ~18,000 specimens
  - Rate ~ 150 specimens/hour

- Imaging: ~18,000 specimens
  - Rate ~ 143 images/hour



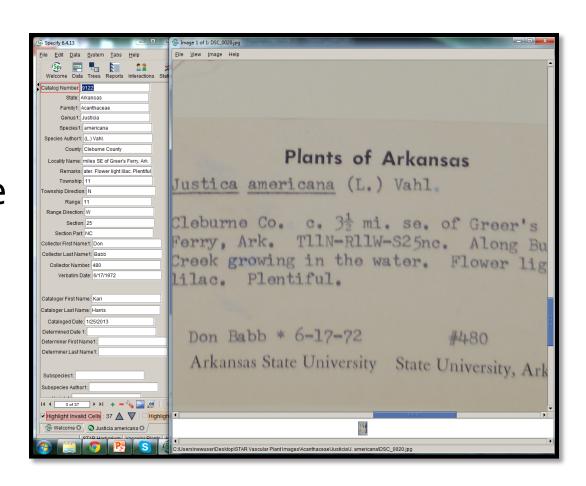
### **Previous Presentations**

#### Data

- Uploading: ~18,000 specimens
  - Rate ~ 333 specimens/hour
  - Previous: ~ 7 minutes/ dataset
  - Updated because:
    - STAR datasets are per species
    - Number of specimens in each set varies
    - Per specimen rate is more accurate

# Databasing the Collection

- Using Specify 6
- 5 Students, 1 Me



# Databasing the Collection

#### Specimens databased: 14,575

- Rate (5 students): ~ 24/hour
- Rate (Me): ~ 46/hour

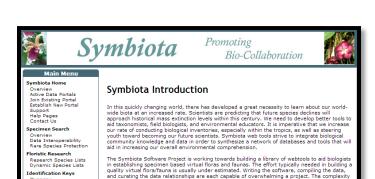
- Why the difference?
  - Matter of motivation
  - Students paid by the hour

#### So What Can We Do?

- Find a more motivated student
  - Or one that can type faster...
- Train them better
- Pay them differently
  - Different motivation
  - Pay per specimen
    - \$7.50/hour for 30 specimens = \$.25/specimen
    - 20 hours/week = 600 specimens/week

# Making Data Available





# North American Network

#### Search Collections

Dynamic Checklist

Image Library About Network

Symbiota Help Page

Other Networks

Great Plains

SEINet SERNEC

Log In New Account

#### North American Network of Small Herbaria

Overview

Image Library

The North American Network of Small Herbaria is an open access data portal provided by Symbiota and intended to foster digitization of small collections and facilitate collaboration among institutions. The establishment of this portal is the result of collaboration between Symbiota and iDigBio's Small Herbarium Working Group (https://www.idigbio.org/wiki/index.php/Small\_Herbarium\_Interest\_Group). To learn how to join the working group or network, contact Anna Monfils (monfi1ak@cmich.edu) or Gil Nelson (gnelson@bio.fsu.edu).

Small herbaria constitute a major source of information for understanding North America's plant diversity. These collections are typically regional in scope with strong ecological, taxonomic and geographic biases. They frequently hold specimens that are unduplicated in larger herbaria and usually represent intense. samplings of community composition that significantly expand our knowledge of landscape-level biogeography. As a result. they are singularly important to the study of regionally and nationally significant natural communities

Until recently, access to the wealth of biodiversity data stored in small herbaria has been hampered by travel requirements. insufficient staff, and long-term loans that render specimens unavailable for extended periods. With the advent of biodiversity collections digitization, small herbaria are now poised to overcome these obstacles by making label data and specimen



of each of these tasks has shown that collaborative efforts are needed to build quality virtual

flora or fauna of any significant taxonomic and geographic scope. The central premise of this open source software project is that through a partnership between software engines and

What is this plant? Click here to test your knowledge

images readily available online through searchable electronic databases. As more institutions take advantage of open-source, community-supported digitization software, the online presence of small collections will rapidly increase and with it the volume of available biodiversity data

# Commitment, Original Projection:

- 1 person;10 hours/week; 20,000 specimens:
  - 13 weeks to annotate
  - 13 weeks to image
  - 67 weeks to database
  - 5 weeks to upload
- Total: 98 weeks or ~ 2 years

# Commitment, Revised:

- 1 person;10 hours/week; 20,000 specimens:
  - 13 weeks to annotate
  - 13 weeks to image
  - 83weeks to database
  - 6 weeks to upload
- Total: 115 weeks or ~ 2.25 years

## And Remember This...

- It takes longer than you think
  - Always plan for extra time
  - Set goals to stay on track
- Digitizing is never finished
  - The important thing is to just get started
  - Partially digitized is better than not at all

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# Questions?

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