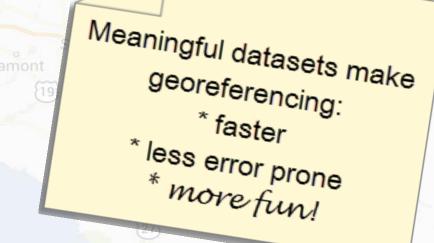


Georeferencing Overview

TH Stone Memorial St Joseph Peninsula State Park

Deborah Paul
iDigBio, Florida State University
Bristol UK Swans Practical Digitisation Workshop
9 March 2018
@idbdeb @iDigBio









(24)

Crystal River









iDigBio is funded by a grant from the National Science Foundation's Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections Program (Cooperative Agreement EF-1115210). Any opinions, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the author(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation. All images used with permission or are free from copyright.

















14:40





Break

10:00



Shari Ellis

Una Farrell

David Bloom

iDigBio Georeferencing Working Group (GWG) Train the Trainers I and II

- 5 Days
- Pay-it-forward
- Community Resource

up		
11:00	Georeferencing Introduction: Collaboration to Automation	
11:30	Geographical Concepts	Dave Bloom
11:50	Point-Radius Method and Best Practices	Nelson Rios
12:10	Darwin Core Standard, Key Terminology iDigBio Recommended fields	Jessica Utrup
12:30	Lunch (Provided)	Dave Bloom
13:30	Georeferencing Quick Reference Guide, Locality Types, and Georeferencing Template	
4:40	, , , pes, and	Una Farroll









Topics in a 5 day georeferencing course

- Introduction to iDigBio
- Introduction to Georeferencing
- Thinking like a Trainer
- Collaboration to Automation
- Geographical Concepts
- Point-Radius Method and Best Practices
- Darwin Core Standard, Terminology, iDigBio Recommended Fields
 Georeferencing Quick Reference Guide, Locality Types, Georeferencing Template
- MaNIS/HerpNET/ORNIS Georef Guidelines
- Internet Resources Where to Begin?
- GPS Exercise Introduction
- Georeferencing Using Paper Maps
- Process, Workflows, Priorities, and Collaborations

- KE Emu, KUMIP and Specify, FishNet2
- ORNIS Workflows and Repatriation
- Workflows, FSU Georeferencing Protocol
- Participant Workflows
- Good and Bad Localities
- Georeferencing Natural History Collections Data: The GEOLocate Project
- Using GEOLocate: Basics, Batch Processing, Collaborative Georeferencing Administrative Portal, Collaborative Georeferencing Web Client, Taxon validation, Web services and integration, Building end-to-end georeferencing workflows
- Data Cleaning, Processing, and Analysis
- Participant/TCN Georeferencing Projects (use your own data sets)
- Batch Georeferencing in Symbiota
- Participant Volunteer Training Demos





Goals of georeferencing (during or after data capture)

- Read and transcribe written materials
- Move accurate data into database
- Use this data to derive a decimal latitude and longitude
 - note that some georeferencing may be automated
 - remember to check if another project may have useful georeference data
- Include (at least)
 - decimal latitude and longitude
 - uncertainty
 - how you did the georeference
 - what sources you used
 - who did the georeferencing
 - any assumptions made
 - the geodetic datum, if known, or assumed
 - a text description of the locality
 - the verbatim coordinates if present

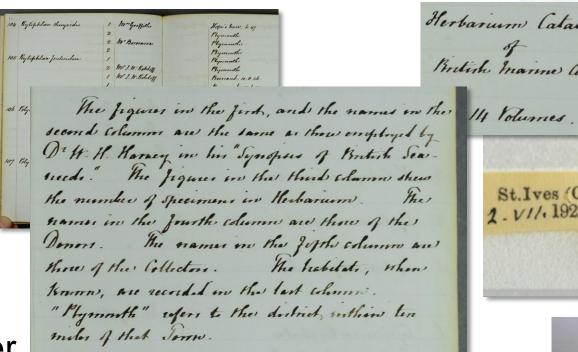


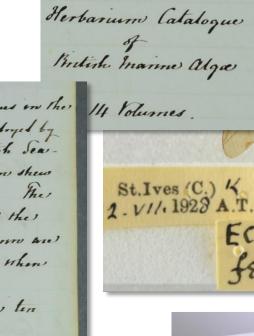




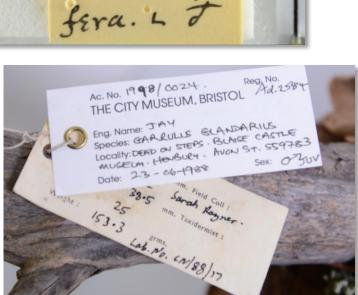
Data Capture and Georeferencing Challenges

- ink
- typed
- pencil
- printed
- stacked
- handwritten
- uneven lines
- colored paper
- non-planar surfaces
- non-standard terms
- non-standard formats





HERBARIUM



Echinomyia

AL. No. 150/1975
THE CITY MUSEUM, BRISTOL. 175/36
Ad SSA

THE MINERIES, NR. PRIDDY, SOMERSET

.38-8-1968. coll: D. J. FOXWELL

FREEZE DRIED DECEMBER 1468. DJ. FOXWELL





Two main paths to georeferencing

 existing legacy data that needs a georeference

```
AL.NO.150/1975

THE CITY MUSEUM, BRISTOL.

LACERTA VIVIPARA 3. Adsset

LACERTA VIVIPARA 3. Adsset

28-8-1968. coll: D.J. FOXWELL.

0.5. Ref. ST | 544507.

FREEZE DRIED. DECEMBER 1468. D.J. FOXWELL.
```

 new data coming into your collections – "born digital"







What is an ideal georeference?

A numerical description of a place that can be mapped and that describes the spatial extent of a locality and its associated uncertainties as well as possible.





You'll write your own georeferencing guide here are two (of many possible) resources to refer to

GEOREFERENCING QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

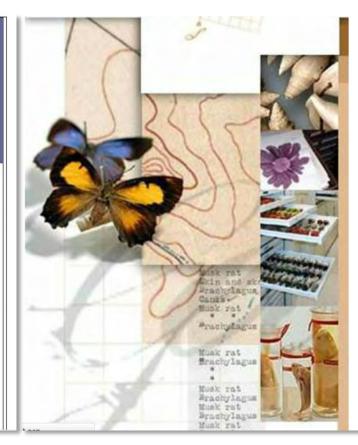
Version: 2012-10-08 John Wieczorek, David Bloom, Heather Constable, Janet Fang, Michelle Koo, Carol Spencer, Kristina Yamamoto

This is a practical guide for georeferencing using the point-radius method [1, 2, 3] using the Georeferencing Calculator [4, 5], maps, gazetteers, and other resources from which coordinates and spatial boundaries for places can be found. This guide is an update of "Georeferencing for Dummies" [6], and explains the recommended calculation procedure for localities encountered in the georeferencing process.

Georeferences using the methods in this guide will be maximally useful if as much information as possible is captured about and during the georeferencing process in the following fields defined in the Darwin Core standard [7]. For additional community discussion and recommendations, see the Darwin Core Project wiki [8].

Darwin Core Georeferencing terms:

• **decimalLatitude**, **decimalLongitude**, **geodeticDatum** – the combination of these three fields provide the reference for the center of the point-radius representation of





Guide to

Best Practices

for

Georeferencing





General steps in a georeferencing scheme

- Are you georeferencing as you capture data?
 - or doing your *georeferencing after data* entry?
- Has someone else done it already?
 - UK or Non-UK material?
 - NHM Data Portal 100Ks georeferences
 - NBN Atlas
- Collate your data to be georeferenced
 - will it be georeferenced in or out of your database?
- Clean data in the database before beginning
 - locality, collecting event data, etc.
- separate specimens
 - coordinates yes, coordinates no

- Standardize locality strings
 - dwc:locality
 - dwc:verbatimLocality
- Group data into logical sets
 - same geographic area, same collecting event, for example
 - collecting events OR each record has its own georeference?
- Clustering
 - creates efficient search strategy
 - optimizes your workflow
- Take advantage of staff, volunteer, visitor skills
 - reads "Russian" or can read old script
 - researchers return material georeferenced
- Tic-Tock, Tic-Tock























Workflow overview (legacy data)

- separate specimens
 - coordinates yes, coordinates no
- clean the data
 - group the data if possible, for georeferencers (country, collector, region, etc.)
- upload (if using GEOLocate), or as is relevant
- identify-verify, use another resource if needed
- add extent and uncertainty
- dwc:georeferenceRemarks and georeferenceProtocol
- export (from GEOLocate)
- visualize your work (try www.gpsvisualizer.com, Google Earth,...)
- check for completeness in your database (georeferencedBy, georeferencedDate, etc.)

Task ID	Task Description	Explanations and Com	iDigBi	io Resource
T1	Separate specimens that have coordinates from those that do not.	For specimens lacking coordinates, batch or collaborative georeferencing should be performed. For specimen records that already include geographic coordinates, it is necessary to input the datum used,		Specimen occurrence records with locality data.
T2	Clean and transform data for georeferencing.	The batch or collaborative GEOLocate require a vector of the data appropriately (e.g., collector, year, collector, etc.) so that specimens vectors are not repeated.	ry particular link). Sort the county, number, with identical	Spreadsheet application. See: GEOLocate tutorial, http://www.museum.tulane _edu/geolocate/standalone /tutorial.html.















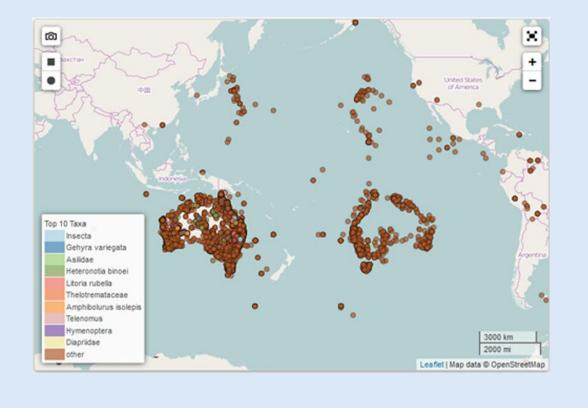






iDigBio Data Quality (DQ) Flags enhance Digitization Workflows











中国中代中国

Darwin Core Location Terms

- higherGeography
- waterbody, island, islandGroup
- continent, country, countryCode, stateProvince, county, municipality
- verbatimLocality, locality
- minimumElevationInMeters, maximumElevationInMeters, minimumDepthInMeters, maximumDepthInMeters
- decimalLatitude, decimalLongitude, geodeticDatum, coordinateUncertaintyInMeters, georeferencedBy, georeferenceProtocol, georeferenceSources, georeferenceVerificationStatus, georeferenceRemarks

Darwin Core Event Terms

habitat

Darwin Core Geological Context

group, formation, member, bed, ...







From the Label, Notebook, ...

WAKULLA CO.: St. Marks Nat'l Wildlife Refuge (Panacea Unit). Frequent in moist roadside depression, less so in drying sand of burned, open longleaf pine along W side Rte 372, just N of Rd 401 and 1.4 mi drive from Hwy 98.

field notes

- 41 05 54S
- 121 05 34W
 - WGS84
- 2.5 mi. NE Tlh. on Ctrville Rd.
- Tallahassee, 2.5 miles
 NE on Centerville
 Road.
- frequent
- Wakulla
- in moist roadside depression, ...

your database field

- lat or latitude
- lon or long or longitude
- datum or notes or ...
- loc or location or collectorLocality or ...

- abundance
- county
- hab or habitatDescription or ...

darwin core

- verbatimLatitude
- verbatimLongitude
- verbatimSRS
- verbatimLocality
- locality
- (occurrenceStatus)
- county
- habitat





Darwin Core Georeference Terms

darwin core terms

decimalLatitude
decimalLongitude
geodeticDatum
coordinateUncertaintyInMeters
georeferencedBy
georeferenceProtocol
georeferenceSources

georeference Verification Status

georeferenceRemarks
coordinatePrecision
pointRadiusSpatialFit
footprintWKT, footprintSRS,
footprintSpatialFit

example values

- 30.441115
- -84.295903
- WGS84
- 20
- Susan Somewhere
- Georeferencing Quick Reference Guide
- Falling Rain Gazetteer, GEOLocate
- verified by collector
- assumed distance by road

Asteraceae

PLANTS OF FLORIDA, USA

Helianthus heterophyllus Nuttall

WAKULLA CO.: St. Marks Nat'l Wildlife Refuge (Panacea Unit). Frequent in moist roadside depression, less so in drying sand of burned, open longleaf pine along W side Rte 372, just N of Rd 401 and 1.4 mi drive from Hwy 98. Lat. 30.04494N, Long. 84.45823 W.

2 October 2008

Loran C. Anderson no. 24,198 w/ Wilson Baker & Ann Johnson R. K. Godfrey Herbarium (FSU)







Geographical Concepts: Datums

Common Datums

- NAD27 (North American Datum): system derived from land-based surveys, using Clarke 1886 ellipsoid
- NAD83: satellite-based system using the Earth's center as a reference point; eventually adopted as GRS80 (Geodetic Ref. System 1980)
- WGS84 (World Geodetic System 1984): mathematically refined GRS80 used by the US military and default for GPS
- For most uses, NAD83, GRS80, WGS84 are equivalent





Locality types – help with steps in georeferencing

Named Place

- Named Place
- Urban Area
- Small Town
- Unbounded Area
- Street Address
- Junction
- Between two named places

Offsets

- distance at a setting "by air"
- distance along a path



GEOREFERENCING QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE

Version: 2012-10-08

John Wieczorek, David Bloom, Heather Constable, Janet Fang, Michelle Koo, Carol Spencer, Kristina Yamamoto

This is a practical guide for georeferencing using the point-radius method [1, 2, 3] using the Georeferencing Calculator [4, 5], maps, gazetteers, and other resources from which coordinates and spatial boundaries for places can be found. This guide is an update of "Georeferencing for Dummies" [6], and explains the recommended calculation procedure for localities encountered in the georeferencing process.

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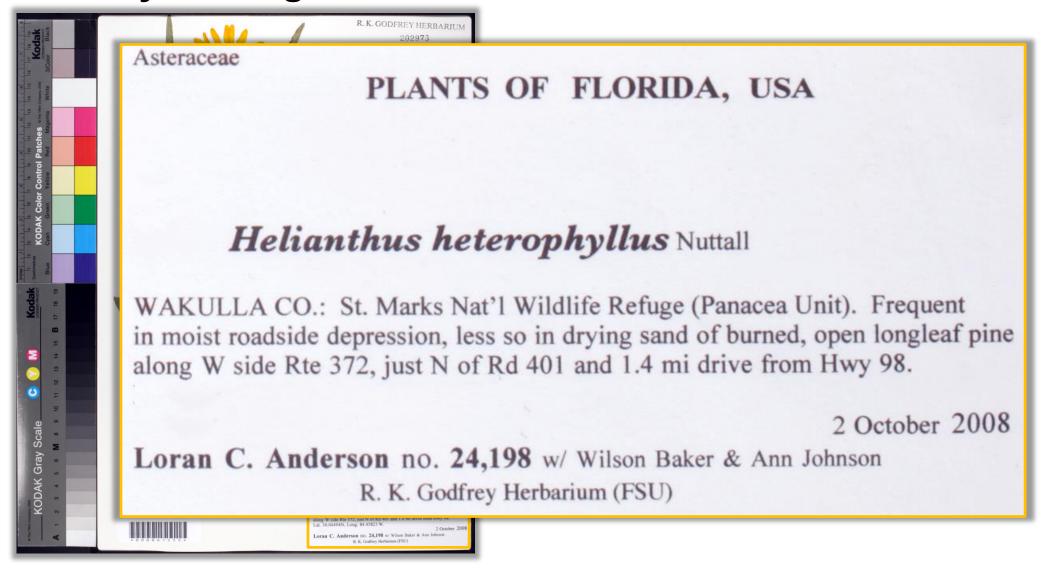
What is an ideal georeference?

A numerical description of a place that can be mapped and that describes the spatial extent of a locality and its associated uncertainties as well as possible.





Let's try one together







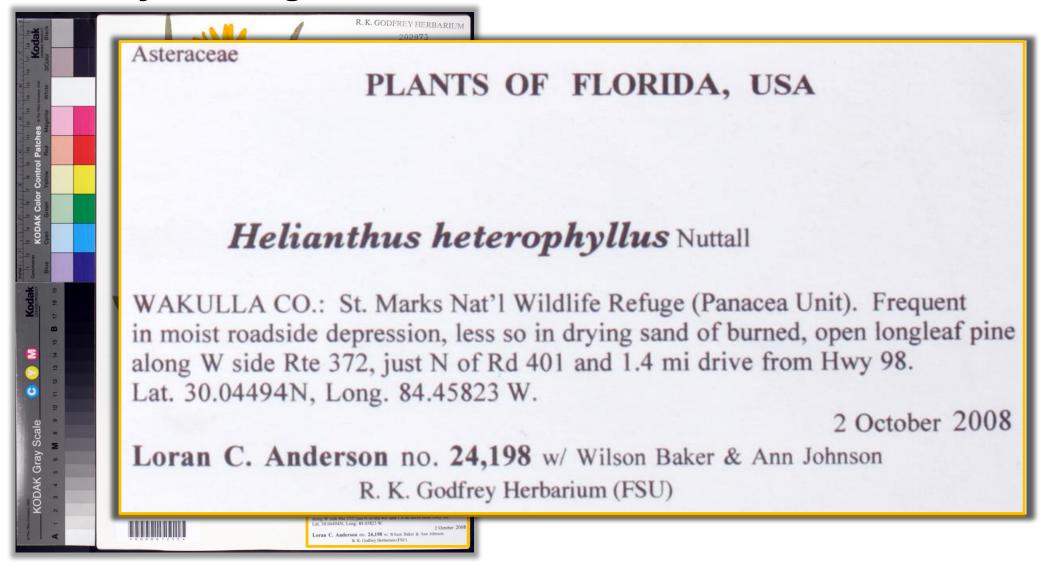
- First
 - http://bit.ly/geolocatestandard

WAKULLA CO.: St. Marks Nat'l Wildlife Refuge (Panacea Unit). Frequent in moist roadside depression, less so in drying sand of burned, open longleaf pine along W side Rte 372, just N of Rd 401 and 1.4 mi drive from Hwy 98.





Let's try one together







decimalLatitude
decimalLongitude
geodeticDatum
coordinateUncertaintyInMeters
georeferencedBy
georeferenceProtocol
georeferenceSources
georeferenceVerificationStatus
georeferenceRemarks
verbatimLocality*
locality*

"Gast) coordinates uncertainty how you did the georeference What sources you used who did the georeferencing any assumptions made the geodetic datum, if known, or assumed a text description of the locality the verbatim coordinates if present

Asteraceae

PLANTS OF FLORIDA, USA

Helianthus heterophyllus Nuttall

WAKULLA CO.: St. Marks Nat'l Wildlife Refuge (Panacea Unit). Frequent in moist roadside depression, less so in drying sand of burned, open longleaf pine along W side Rte 372, just N of Rd 401 and 1.4 mi drive from Hwy 98.

2 October 2008

Loran C. Anderson no. 24,198 w/ Wilson Baker & Ann Johnson R. K. Godfrey Herbarium (FSU)





- Now
 - http://bit.ly/geolocatecsv

- See also
 - Google Maps
 - challenge
 - get coordinates, figure out how to measure





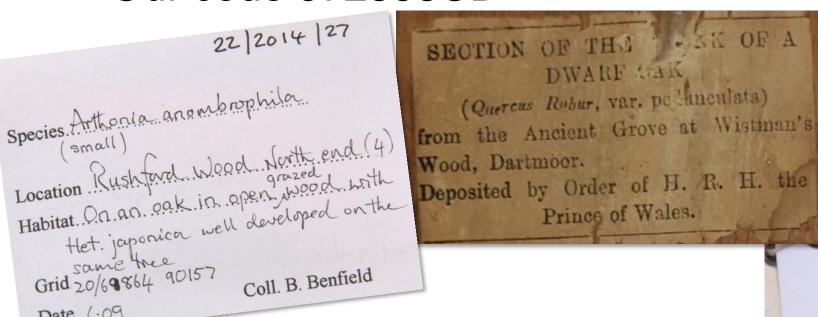
Asterina regularis, Verrill. QUEEN CHARLOTTE SOUND, NEW ZEALAND, 10 fathoms, on mud. "Challenger" Expedition, Station 167 A.

Let's try a few of yours

- Download the DemoCSV file
- Go to GEOLocate http://bit.ly/geolocatecsv

SLADEN COLLECTION.

- see link in wiki
- Our code 972598CD



AL.No.150/1975

THE CITY MUSEUM, BRISTOL.

LACERTA VIVIPARA 3. Adssess

THE MINERIES, NR. PRIDDY, SOMERSET.

.28-8-1968. Coll: D.J. FOXWELL.

0.5. Ref. ST | 544507.

FREEZE DRIED: DECEMBER 1968, D.J. FOXWEL



Ac. No. 1998/0024. Reg. No. Ad. 2584
THE CITY MUSEUM, BRISTOL Ad. 2584

Eng. Name: JAY

Species: GAARULUS GLANDARIUS

Species: GAARULUS GLANDARIUS

Locality: DEATO ON STEPS. BLAISE CASTLE

Locality: DEATO ON STEPS. BLAISE CASTLE

AVON ST. 559783

MUSEUM. HONBULY. AVON ST. 559783

Date: 2-3-06-1988

Sex: 0-341















Georeference by CSV

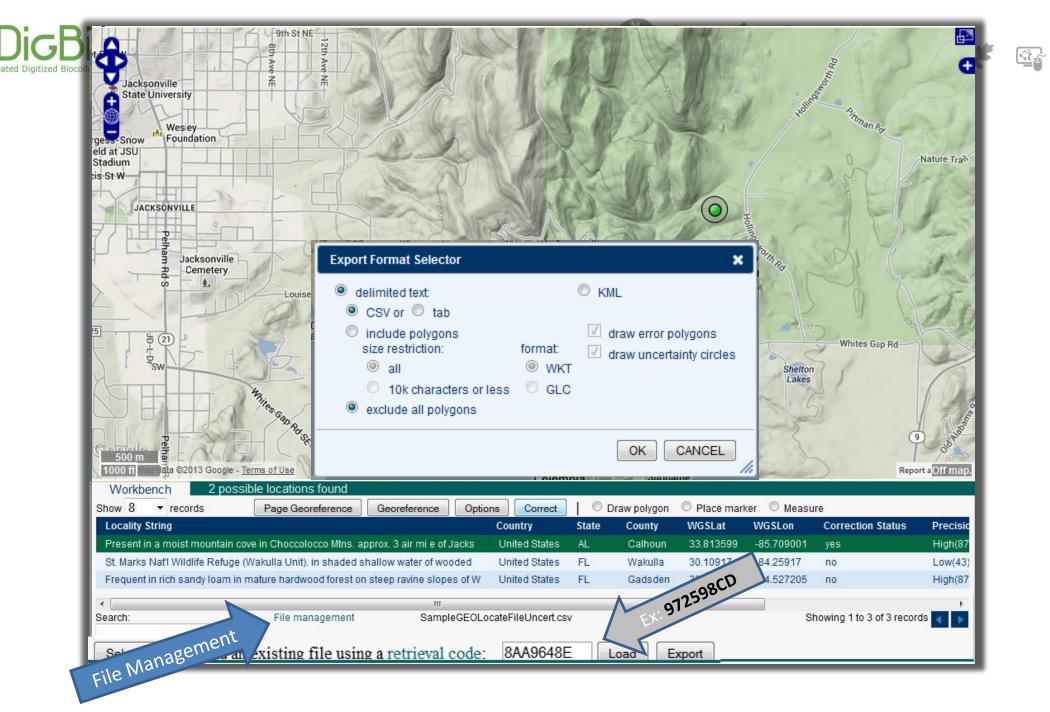


Workbench

Results

or load an existing file using a retrieval code:

Load





















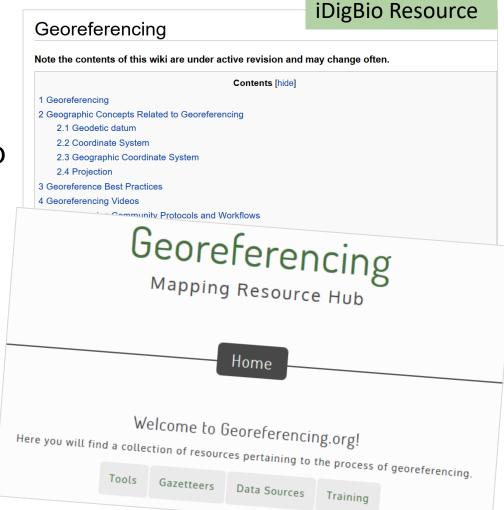






Links to Cool Stuff

- iDigBio GWG Listserv
- GWG georeferencing help and working group
- videos (vimeo and idigbio)
- georeferencing.org
- Geo-rectify an old (online) map
 - http://www.georeferencer.org/















Internet Resources for Georeferencing – Part 1

Google Maps: <u>maps.google.com</u>

Hard to find localities: <u>www.fallingrain.com</u>

Old & alt. names: <u>bit.ly/Getty-TGN</u>

PLSS/TRS: <u>www.earthpoint.us</u>

• UTM map: <u>www.dmap.co.uk/utmworld.htm</u>

• UTM calculator: http://www.earthpoint.us/Convert.aspx

Other tools: <u>bit.ly/herpnet-georef-resources</u>

- See Internet Resources powerpoint linked on this workshop WIKI
- Georeferencing Quick Guide
- Chapman, et al.
- Your Protocol





















Georeferencing resources with a UK focus

- Old Maps Online
 - http://www.oldmapsonline.org/
- British Library maps online
 - http://www.bl.uk/onlinegallery/onlineex/maps/index.html
 - see Maps of the UK
 - http://www.bl.uk/onlinegallery/onlineex/maps/uk/
- British Library georeferencing project
 - https://www.bl.uk/projects/georeferencing
 - https://www.bl.uk/georeferencer/georefabout.html
 - https://www.bl.uk/georeferencer/georeferencingmap.html
- **Location London**
 - http://www.history.ac.uk/projects/research/locating-London
- Historical GIS Research Network
 - http://www.hgis.org.uk/resources.htm
- National Library of Scotland
 - Georeferenced Maps http://maps.nls.uk/geo/explore/
 - very cool layers feature
- **UK Grid Reference Finder**
 - http://gridreferencefinder.com/









































Ask the GWG! Thanks





facebook.com/iDigBio



twitter.com/iDigBio



vimeo.com/idigbio



idigbio.org/rss-feed.xml



webcal://www.idigbio.org/events-calendar/export.ics









