



## **American Society** of Mammalogists







Larry M. Page
Florida Museum of Natural History











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## Coordinating Center for Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections (ADBC)













## Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections

Facilitate use of biodiversity data to address environmental and economic

#### challenges

- Researchers
- Educators
- General public, citizen scientists
- Policy-makers



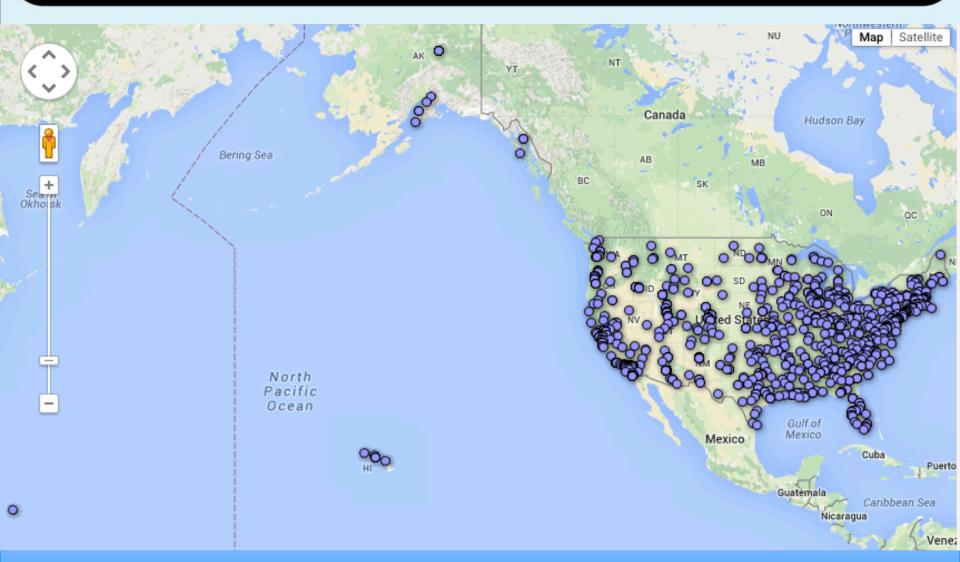
- Develop efficient and effective digitization standards and workflows
- Respond to cyberinfrastructure needs
- Develop research, education and outreach collaborations
- Plan for long-term sustainability of the national digitization effort



- InvertNet: An Integrative Platform for Research on Environmental Change, Species Discovery and Identification (Illinois Natural History Survey, University of Illinois)
- Plants, Herbivores, and Parasitoids: A Model System for the Study of Tri-Trophic Associations (American Museum of Natural History)
- North American Lichens and Bryophytes: Sensitive Indicators of Environmental Quality and Change (University of Wisconsin Madison)
- Digitizing **Fossils** to Enable New Syntheses in Biogeography-Creating a PALEONICHES-TCN (*University of Kansas*)
- The Macrofungi Collection Consortium: Unlocking a Biodiversity Resource for Understanding Biotic Interactions, Nutrient Cycling and Human Affairs (New York Botanical Garden)
- Mobilizing New England Vascular Plant Specimen Data to Track Environmental Change (Yale University)
- Southwest Collections of **Arthropods** Network (SCAN): A Model for Collections Digitization to Promote Taxonomic and Ecological Research (*Northern Arizona University*)
- The Macroalgal **Herbarium** Consortium: Accessing 150 Years of Specimen Data to Understand Changes in the Marine/Aquatic Environment (*University of New Hampshire*)
- Developing a Centralized Digital Archive of Vouchered Animal Communication Signals (Cornell University)
- **Fossil Insect** Collaborative: A Deep-Time Approach to Studying Diversification and Response to Environmental Change (*University of Colorado at Boulder*)
- **Great Lakes Invasives**: Documenting the Occurrence through Space and Time of Aquatic Non-indigenous Fish, Mollusks, Algae, and Plants Threatening North America's Great Lakes (*University of Wisconsin Madison*)
- **InvertEBase**: Reaching Back to See the Future: Species-rich Invertebrate Faunas Document Causes and Consequences of Biodiversity Shifts (*Field Museum of Natural History*)
- The Key to the Cabinets: Building and Sustaining a Research Database for a Global Biodiversity Hotspot (Appalachian State University)



## NATIONAL HUB, THEMATIC COLLECTION NETWORKS, AND COLLABORATORS



13 TCNS: 200 institutions in 50 states



- InvertNet: (Illinois Natural History Survey, University of Illinois) Arthropods, mostly insects
- Plants, Herbivores, and Parasitoids: (American Museum of Natural History) Vascular plants, insects
- North American Lichens and Bryophytes: (University of Wisconsin Madison) Lichens and Bryophytes
- Digitizing Fossils ... PALEONICHES (University of Kansas) Fossils
- The Macrofungi Collection Consortium (New York Botanical Garden) Fungi
- Mobilizing New England Vascular Plants (Yale University) Vascular Plants
- Southwest Collections of **Arthropods** Network (SCAN) (Northern Arizona University) **Arthropods**, mostly insects
- The Macroalgal **Herbarium** Consortium (*University of New Hampshire*) **Algae**
- Digital Archive of Animal Communication Signals (Cornell University) Audio recordings (mostly birds)
- Fossil Insect Collaborative (University of Colorado at Boulder) Fossils
- Great Lakes Invasives: (University of Wisconsin Madison) Vascular plants, fishes
- InvertEBase: Reaching Back to See the Future: (Field Museum of Natural History) Arthropods, mostly insects
- The Key to the Cabinets (Appalachian State University) Vascular plants



Vascular plants: 4

Arthropods: 4

Non-vascular plants: 2

Fungi: 1

Fossils: 2

**Vertebrates: 2 (audio; fishes only)** 



Vascular plants: 4

Arthropods: 4

Non-vascular plants: 2

**Fungi: 1 -> 2** 

**Fossils: 2 -> 3** 

**Vertebrates: 2 (audio; fishes only)** 



#### **Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections (ADBC)**

Solicitation <u>15-576</u>

ADBC was developed in response to the Network Integrated Biocollections Alliance (NIBA) *Strategic Plan* (digbiocol.wordpress.com/brochure/) for a sustained program to digitize information in the nation's vast biodiversity collections.

Digitization is the process of capturing and storing digital information about physical objects. This information includes text from labels, catalogs and field books, high-resolution digital photographs, sound and video, and 3-D models created from a variety of sources.



#### **Biodiversity Collections**

The single largest source of information on biological diversity (outside nature)

1,300 - 1,500 collections in U.S.A.

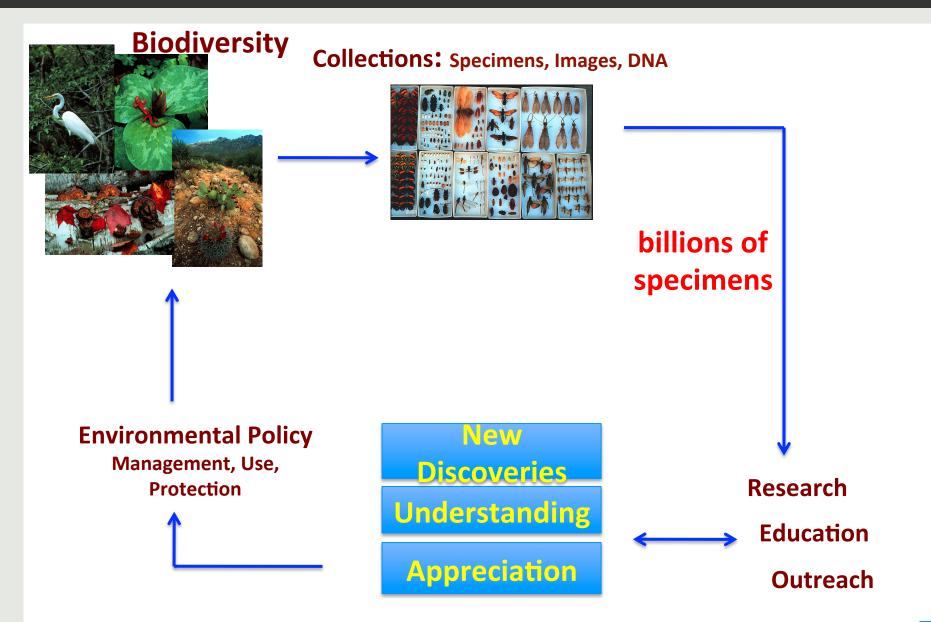


1 billion specimens in USA

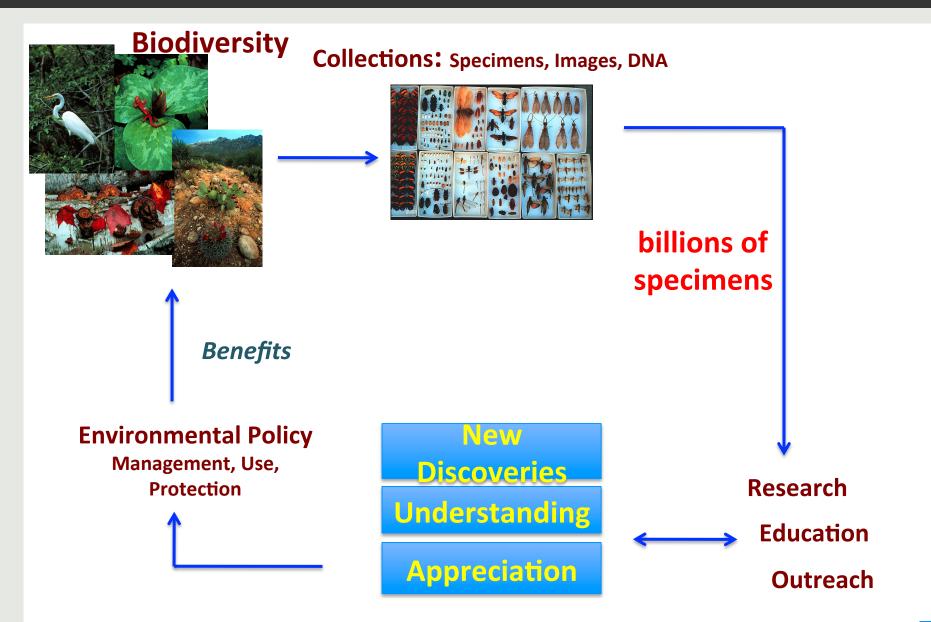




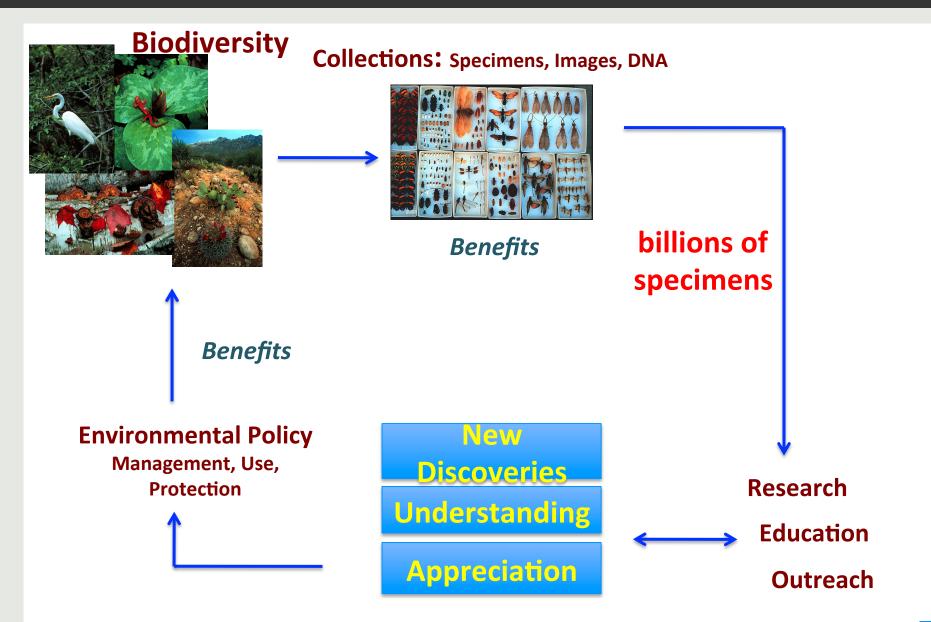












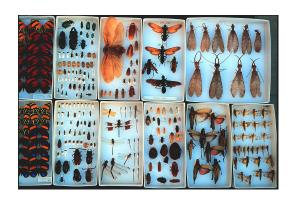






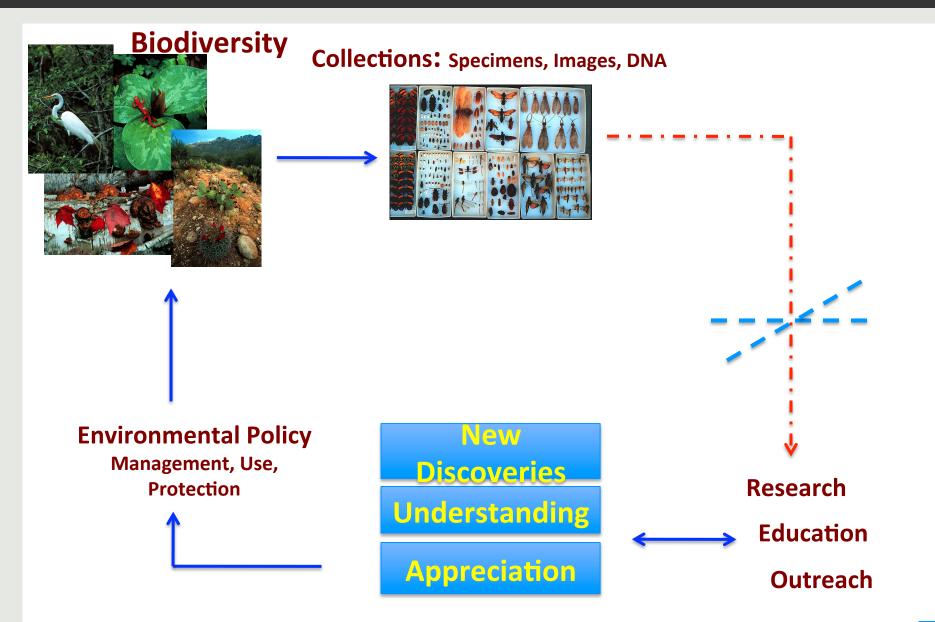


## The data in biodiversity collections are inaccessible to most potential users











#### **U.S. National Science Foundation**

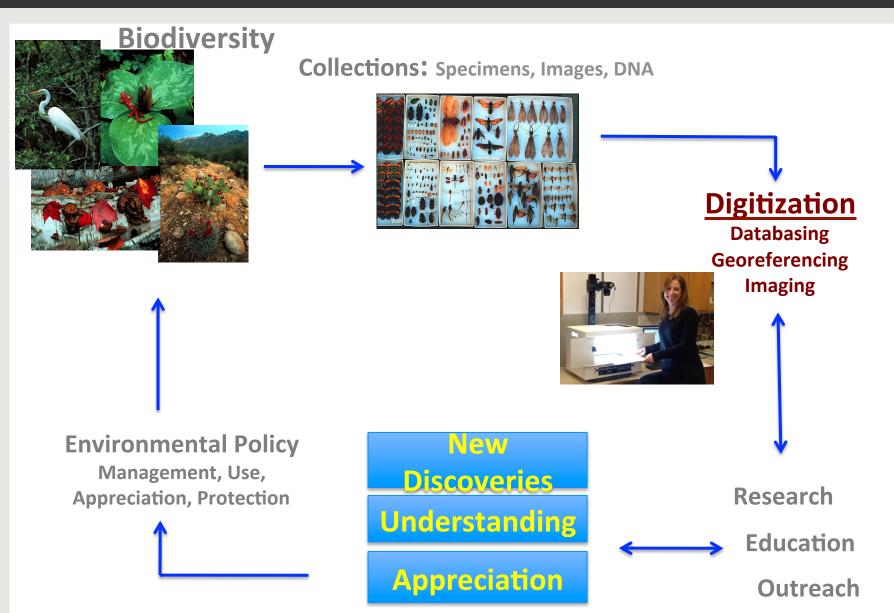
# Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections Program (ADBC)

The goal of *ADBC* is to remove this inaccessibility through digitization: putting information online so that researchers, educators, students, natural resource managers, environmentalists, and policymakers have access.

\$100 million over 10 years to digitize specimenbased data in non-federal U.S. collections







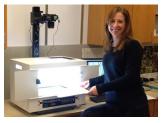


#### **Collections:** Specimens, Images, DNA



## **Digitization**

Databasing Georeferencing Imaging





New
Discoveries
Understanding

**Appreciation** 

Research



**Education** 

Outreach



#### **Collections:** Specimens, Images, DNA



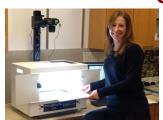
## **Digitization**

Databasing Georeferencing

Imaging

#### **Vertebrate collections**

- -- far ahead of most
- -- variable
- -- minimal





New
<u>Discoveries</u>
Understanding

**Appreciation** 

Research



**Education** 

Outreach





# Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections

#### **Funds**

'Thematic Collections Networks' or TCNs

groups of institutions that digitize data
 organized around a research question

(climate change, invasive species, agricultural pests, etc.)



- **InvertNet**: An Integrative Platform for Research on Environmental Change, Species Discovery and Identification (*Illinois Natural History Survey, University of Illinois*)
- Plants, Herbivores, and Parasitoids: A Model System for the Study of Tri-Trophic Associations (American Museum of Natural History)
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What are the likely impacts of climate change?

What are the effects of invasive species?

What are the effects of landscape modification?

What is the history of life on Earth?

How are species distributed in geographical, ecological, and temporal space?

What factors lead to speciation, dispersal, and extinction?

What information is needed for effective conservation strategies?

How are specific genotypes distributed in geographical and ecological space?

How do species (and genotypes) covary across the landscape, and are those covariances likely to persist into the future?

How are ecologically significant traits distributed geographically?

What is the extent of phylogenetic constraints on ecological niche evolution?

What connections between biodiversity and ecosystem services contribute to human welfare?





# Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections

# Funds 'Thematic Collections Networks' or TCNs

- Full Proposal Deadline: October 09, 2015
- \$10,000,000 available in ADBC
- ~ \$7,000,000 for TCNs and PENs
- Each year 2-4 TCNs are funded





# Advancing Digitization of Biodiversity Collections

# Funds 'Partners to Existing Networks' or PENs

- Full Proposal Deadline: October 09, 2015
- Partner with an existing TCN
- o awards for 2 to 3 years with a maximum request of \$175,000





# Collections in Support of Biological Research (CSBR)

#### **Funding for:**

- 1) improvements to secure and organize collections that are significant to the NSF BIO-funded research community;
- 2) to secure collections-related data for sustained, accurate, and efficient accessibility to the biological research community;
- 3) to transfer ownership of collections.





# Collections in Support of Biological Research (CSBR)

Full Proposal Deadline: September 10, 2015

Average award ca. \$200,000-\$300,000

